USN

First/Second Semester B.E Degree Examination, Dec.2017/Jan.2018

Constitution of India, Professional Ethics & Human Rights

(COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)

Time: 2 hrs.]

[Max. Marks: 40

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

- 1. Answer all the forty questions, each question carries one mark.
- 2. Use only Black ball point pen for writing / darkening the circles.
- 3. For each question, after selecting your answer, darken the appropriate circle corresponding to the same question number on the OMR sheet.
- 4. Darkening two circles for the same question makes the answer invalid.
- 5. Damaging/overwriting, using whiteners on the OMR sheets are strictly prohibited.

1.	The Governor of the state is		
	a) Directly elected by the people	b) Elected by the state legislature	
	c) Appointed by the president	d) Nominated by the parliament	
		5	
2.	The ordinances issued by the state governor are subject to approval by		
	a) The president of India	b) Chief minister of the state	
	c) Union parliament	d) State legislature concerned	
3.	High court judges retires at the age of		
	a) 65 years b) 63 years	c) 60 years d) 62 years	
	Samuel Control of the		
4.	The executive of the state government comp	rises of	

- a) President, governor and chief minister
- b) Governor and chief minister
- c) Governor and council of ministers
- d) Chief minister and council of ministers
- 5. When a state assembly is dissolved, the law making power for the state concerned rests with the
 - a) State governor

b) Union parliament

c) President of India

- d) Chief justice of India
- 6. The total members in the legislature council should not be less than,
 - a) 250
- b) 80
- c) 20
- d) 40

7.	The number of council of ministers including the chief minister shall not exceed the total number of MLAs					
	a) 25%	b) 30%	c) 15%	d) 20%		
8.	To become a judge of the high court one must be a practicing advocate of high court for at least					
	a) 10 years	b) 20 years	c) 15 years	5 years		
9.	Judicial activism is a) For curtailment of the power of the government b) For the protection of the rights of the citizens c) For the curtailment of the active organization d) For the follow up of the court directions					
10.	Practices derogatory	to the status of wome	n is renounced under			
10.	a) Article 51(A)(e)	\(\sigma\)	b) Article 32(c)			
	c) Article 51		d) None of these			
11.	Proclamation of natio	nal emergency must	he approved within			
	a) 2 months	b) 1 month	c) 6 months	d) 1 year		
	,	()	<i>\(\)</i>	a) 1 j out		
12.	State emergency is al	so called as	C Many			
	a) President's rule		b) Prime minister's	rule		
	c) Governor's rule	The same of the sa	d) Chief justice's ru	le		
12	TI 1 C 1 C		, 53 ,			
13.			ner may be on the grou			
	a) Judge of a high con	and the second s	b) Judge of a suprem			
	c) Attorney general o	or india	d) Governor of a sta	te		
14.	Procedure to amend t	he constitution is con	ntained in			
	a) Article 268	and combination is con	b) Article 368	7		
	c) Article 338		d) Article 238			
	7	2	a) Thicke 250	(a)		
15.	Article 21(A) was a g	gíft) of				
	a) 81 st Amendment	net	b) 82 nd Amendment	Act		
	c) 86 th Amendment A		d) 89 th Amendment			
16.	The date of adaption	and enactment of Ind		5,3		
	a) 26 – 11 – 1949		b) $26 - 12 - 1949$			
	c) 26 -1 - 1950		d) $26 - 1 - 1949$	\$ (S)		
17	a) $26 - 11 - 1949$ b) $26 - 12 - 1949$ c) $26 - 1 - 1950$ b) $26 - 12 - 1949$ The source of authority of the Indian constitution is a) The government of India b) The people of India					
17.	a) The government o	-	b) The people of Inc	lia Car		
	c) The president	i iliula	d) The people of the	11a (85%)		
2000	e) The president		d) The parnament			
18.	The state whose executive head is elected representative is called					
	a) The Dictatorship		b) The Monarchy			
	c) The Anarchy		d) The Republic			
			•			
19.			w many categories of f			
	a) Five	b) Six	c) Seven	d) Eight		

3.0				
20.	Right to property is a) Ordinary right c) Moral right	a	b) Fundamental rig d) Birth right	ght S
21.	The constitution gua a) Citizens c) Both citizens and	rantees fundamental ri Non – citizen	ights to b) Non – citizens d) None of these	
22.		means palties from previous d nalties from future date		
23.	An arrested person ha) Six	as how many number b) Seven	of rights under Articl	le – 22 d) Five
24.	There can be prohinstitution a) Unaided c) Minority	bition of religious in	nstructions in which b) State aided d) Independent	category of educational
25.	Minorities under Art a) Religion only b) Language only c) None these d) Religion or language	icle – 30 are based on		
26.	Is it possible to separa) No c) Possible to some e	rate professional ethics	s from personal ethics b) Yes d) None of these	3?
27.	The universal declara a) 1993	ation of human rights v b) 1947	was done in the year c) 1948) Od) 1950
28.	In Good works view a) The concept of res b) The concept of sk c) The concept of leg d) The concept of log	ponsibility beyond the illful work gal work	e legal and moral duty	
29.	Honesty is a) Perfectness c) Truthfulness		b) Readiness d) Surrendering to	God
30,_	Trade secrete does no a) Formulas c) Patterns	ot include	b) Colours d) Devices	5
31.	Patent right is for a) 10 years	b) 40 years	c) 50 years	d) 20 years

32. Risk in engineering means a) The potential that something unwanted may occur b) Taking risk to venture out something c) Without taking risk nothing can be achieved d) An inadvertent oversight 33. Liability means a) Compensation is not obligatory b) When a customer buys a service or product liability ceases c) When an act harms others it must be compensated d) None of these 34. It is not a kind of trade mark a) Good will b) Symbols c) Sounds d) Designs 35. Formula of a soft drink is an example of a) Patent b) Copy right c) Trade mark d) Trade secret 36. For an ethical engineer responsibility is a) Moral responsibility b) Both legal and moral responsibility c) Legal responsibility d) Social responsibility 37. One of the views on the responsibility of engineer is a) They are strictly liable b) They should do good works c) They are absolutely reliable d) They should take reasonable responsibility 38. This is not the impediment to responsibility a) Self respect b) Ignorance c) Self deception d) Fear 39. The recent fundamental duty added by 86th amendment in 2002 is a) Duty to safe guard public property b) Duty of parent or guardian to provide education to his child c) Duty to protect and improve the natural environment d) Duty to abide by the constitution 40. How many parts does the parliament consists of? What are those? a) Two - Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha

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b) Four - Lok Sabha, Rajya Sabha, speaker and President

d) Three - Lok Sabha, Rajya Sabha and President

© Two - President and Vice - president