# GBGS SCHEME

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# Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2018 Electronic Instrumentation

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each module.

# Module-1

- a. Briefly explain Gross Errors, Absolute error and relative error with examples. (05 Marks)
  - b. Draw the block diagram of a true RMS voltmeter and explain its operation. (05 Marks)
  - c. Design a multirange ammeter using Aryton Shunt for the ranges 0-10 mA, 100 mA and 1 A, using a D'Arsonval movement having internal resistance of 1 K $\Omega$  and a full scale current of 100  $\mu$ A. (06 Marks)

### OR

- 2 a. Sketch and explain the operation of a multirange ammeter using Aryton shunt. (05 Marks)
  - b. A resistor of 1 K $\Omega$  with an accuracy of  $\pm 5\%$ , carries a current of 10 mA. The current is measured with an ammeter of 30 mA full scale with an accuracy of  $\pm 2\%$  at full scale. Calculate the power dissipiation in the resistor and the accuracy of the power measurement.
  - c. What is the loading effect of a voltmeter of low sensitivity? A voltage of 100 V dc is applied across a series combination of two resistors R1 and R2 each of 10 KΩ. A voltmeter of sensitivity 1 KΩ/V is used to measure the voltage across R2 in the range of 50 V. Calculate the voltmeter reading and percentage error of reading. (06 Marks)

# Module-2

3 a. Describe with diagram the operation of a Ramp type DVM. What are its limitations?

(08 Marks)

- b. (i) With the help of a block diagram, explain the operation of a digital time period measurement instrument.
  - (ii) The lowest range of a  $4\frac{1}{2}$  digit DVM is 10 mV full scale. Determine its sensitivity.

(08 Marks)

### OR

- 4 a. Describe with diagram, the operation of a successive approximation type DVM. (08 Marks)
  - . (i) With the help of a block diagram, explain the operation of a digital capacitance meter.
    - (ii) What are the outstanding characteristics of a DVM?

(08 Marks)

# Module-3

- 5 a. Draw the block diagram of a simple CRO and state the functions of each block. What is the advantage of using -ve HV supply in CRO? (08 Marks)
  - b. Explain with the help of a block diagram of a function generator, how it generates the different waveforms. (08 Marks)

### OR

- 6 a. (i) Describe the operation of a digital storage oscilloscope with the help of a block diagram.
  - (ii) The number of vertical and horizontal tangencies of a Lissajous figure are 2 and 6 respectively. What is the frequency of the signal connected to vertical plates, if horizontal plate signal frequency is 1 kHz. (08 Marks)
  - b. Sketch the block diagram of a square and pulse generator and describe how it generates the square waveform and pulses. (08 Marks)

# Module-4

- 7 a. (i) Explain with diagram the working of a phase sensitive detector.
  - (ii) What is the principle of working of a stroboscope? (08 Marks)
  - b. Draw the circuit of a Wheatstone's bridge and explain how it can be used to measure an unknown resistance (05 Marks)
  - c. If the two arms of a Wheatstone's Bridge are  $R_1 = 1 \text{ K}\Omega$  and  $R_2 = 10 \text{ K}\Omega$ . Find the range of the third arm resistance  $R_3$  to be used to measure unknown resistance  $R_4$  of the range  $1 \text{ K}\Omega$  to  $100 \text{ K}\Omega$ , in the fourth arm. (03 Marks)

#### OR

- 8 a. Define Q factor. With diagram, explain the operation of a Q meter to measure Q and inductance of a coil. (08 Marks)
  - b. Draw the diagram of a Maxwell's Bridge and obtain the equations to measure  $R_x$ ,  $L_x$  and Q. (05 Marks)
  - c. A Maxwell's Bridge has components values at balance as  $C_1 = 0.01 \mu F$ ,  $R_1 = 470 \text{ K}\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 5.1 \text{ K}\Omega$ ,  $R_3 = 100 \text{ K}\Omega$ . Find the value of the inductive impedance connected in the fourth arm (Rx and Lx).

## Module-5

- 9 a. Explain the operation of a resistive position transducer. (05 Marks)
  - b. Describe with diagram the operation of a piezo electric transducer. (05 Marks)
  - c. With circuit diagram, explain the operation of a LVDT the method of measuring displacement. (06 Marks)

## OR

- 10 a. (i) Explain with diagram the construction of a Bonded Resistance wire gauge. How does it senses strain/stress?
  - (ii) How it is used in a bridge arrangement with a dummy gauge and what is the advantages of such an arrangement? (08 Marks)
  - b. Briefly explain the construction and operation of a photoconductive cell and a photo transistor. (04 Marks)
  - c. With a circuit explain how a photo transistor can be used to operate a street light relay.

(04 Marks)