2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

First Semester MCA Degree Examination, Dec.2018/Jan.2019 Fundamentals of Computer Organization

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1 a. Perform the following number conversions:
 - i) $(6BCD)_{16} = (?)_8$
 - ii) $(625.4)_8 = (?)_2$
 - iii) $(1111011.00011)_2 = (?)_{16}$
 - iv) $\frac{80_{(10)}}{(?)_{(8)}} = 100_{(2)}$
 - v) $(23.6)_8 = (?)_{10}$

(10 Marks)

- b. Perform the subtraction $(100)_2 (110000)_2$ using (i) 1's complement (ii) 2's complement.
- c. Write the truth table for the following Boolean expression and draw its logic circuit using two input logic gates for $Y = \overline{AC} + ABC$. (04 Marks)
- 2 a. Express the following function:
 - i) $F = A + \overline{B}C$ in Minterm canonical form and write the truth table for the function.
 - ii) $F = \overline{X}\overline{Y} + XZ$ in Maxterm canonical form and write the truth table for the function.

(06 Marks)

- b. Implement the function:
 - i) $F(X, Y, Z) = \sum m(0, 6)$ using NAND gates only.
 - ii) $F = XY + \overline{X}Y + Z$ using NOR gates only.

(06 Marks)

c. Simplify the Boolean function and obtain the minimal sums and minimal products using K-map method.

$$F(WXYZ) = \pi M (4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14)$$

$$d = \sum (0, 2, 5).$$

(08 Marks)

- 3 a. Design a full adder using two half adders and an OR gate with truth table and logical expression. (05 Marks)
 - b. Explain 4-bit full adders with look ahead carry generator with neat diagram and explanation.
 (07 Marks)
 - c. What is a multiplexer? Implement the Boolean function using the multiplexer $F(A, B, C, D) = \sum m (0, 1, 3, 4, 8, 9, 15)$. (08 Marks)
- 4 a. Explain the operation of clocked RS flip flop with logic diagram, truth table, characteristics table and characteristic equation. (10 Marks)
 - b. How synchronous counters are different from Ripple counter? Explain the working of a 4 bit synchronous binary counter with its block diagram and truth table. (10 Marks)
- 5 a. Explain the basic functional units of a computer with a block diagram. (10 Marks)
 - b. Define bus structure and explain single bus structure.

(04 Marks)

c. Explain Multiprocessors and Multicomputers.

(06 Marks)

- 6 a. What are the addressing modes? Explain the different addressing modes with syntax and addressing function with examples. (12 Marks)
 - b. Registers R1 and R2 of a computer contain the decimal values 1200 and 4600. What is the effective address of the memory operand in each of the following instructions:
 - i) Load 20(R1), R5
 - ii) Move #3000, R5
 - iii) Store R5, 30 (R1, R2)
 - iv) Add -(R2), R5
 - v) Subtract (R1) + R5

(08 Marks)

- 7 a. Describe the use of DMA controllers in a computer systems with diagram.

 b. What is bus arbitration? What are the approaches to bus arbitration? Explain. (10 Marks)
- Write short notes on:

a.	Cache Memory	4	(05 Marks)
	RISC and CISC	A STATE OF THE STA	(05 Marks)
c.	ROM		(05 Marks)
d.	Virtual Memory.	X.	(05 Marks)

* * * * *