NGALORY

Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2019/Jan.2020 Environmental Engineering – I

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each

2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

PART - A

1 a. Discuss the importance and need for a planned water supply scheme to a city. (06 Marks)

b. What is meant by per capita demand? Discuss the factors that affect per capita demand.

(06 Marks)

c. The following population data are available for a town. Estimate the probable population in the year 2021 by geometrical and incremental increase method.

Year	1971	1981 1991	2001
Population	80,000	1,20,000 1,68,00	00 2,28,000

(08 Marks)

2 a. Discuss the factors governing the selection of source of water for water supply scheme.

(06 Marks)

b. What is meant by tube wells? Describe the strainer type of tube well with a neat sketch.

(06 Marks)

- c. From a clear water reservoir 2.5m deep and maximum water level at 42.00m, water is to be pumped at a reservoir at 80.00m at a constant rate of 8,10,000 l/h. The distance is 1600m. Give the economical diameter of the rising main and the water horse power of the pump. Neglect minor losses and like f' = 0.01.
- 3 a. Explain the significance of the following from the point of view of water quality critiera with permissible values.
 - i) turbidity ii) hardness iii) nitrogen content iv) colour.

(08 Marks)

b. Explain the significance of e-coli in water analysis.

(06 Marks)

c. What are the water borne diseases? Explain the control measures for it.

(06 Marks)

- 4 a. Explain briefly the treatment of river water with a flow chart indicating the impurities removal at each unit. (06 Marks)
 - b. What is aeration process? List the objective of aeration to water.

(06 Marks)

c. A coagulation – sedimentation plant treats 40 million litre of water every day. The quality of filter alum required at the plant in 18 mg/L. If the raw water is having an alkalinity equivalent to 5mg/L of CaCO₃, determine the quality of filter alum and the quick lime (containing 85% of CaO) required per year by the plant (molecular weight as Al = 27, S = 32, O = 16, H = 1, Ca = 40, C = 12). (08 Marks)

PART - B

5 a. Explain the mechanism of filteration.

(06 Marks)

b. Explain with neat sketch working and cleaning of rapid sand filters.

(08 Marks)

c. A filter unit in 4.5m by 9.0m. After filtering 10,000 cubic meter per day in 24 hour period, the filter is back washed at a rate of 10 l/sqm/sec for 15 min. Compute the average filteration rate, quantity, and percentage of treated water used in washing, and the rate of wash water flow in each through. Assume 4 troughs.

(06 Marks)

- a. Explain the theory of chlorination of water with chemical equation.
 b. What is softening of water? Discuss the lime-soda process of softening with chemical equation involved in the process.
 c. Explain with figure reverse osmosis process of softening of water.
- a. What do you mean by fluoridation and defluoridation? Explain with figure Nalgonda technique of defluoridation. (08 Marks)
 b. What are the factors affecting the design of a good distribution system. (06 Marks)
 c. Describe the dead end system of water distribution network. (06 Marks)
- Write short notes on any four of the following:
 - a. Water piping system in buildings
 - b. Fire hydrant
 - c. Air valves
 - d. Activated carbon treatment
 - e. Nomograms.

(20 Marks)