Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

I Year Pharm-D Examination - June 2014

Time: Three Hours Max. Marks: 70 Marks

PHARMACEUTICS

Q.P. CODE: 2852

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary

LONG ESSAYS (Answer any Two)

 $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

- Draw a neat labeled diagram of a prescription and explain the role of a pharmacist in filling a
 prescription order.
- 2. Discuss the formulation considerations in development of monophasic liquid dosage forms.
- 3. Define emulsion. What are the factors affecting the formulation of an emulsion? Explain the methods of evaluation for emulsion.

SHORT ESSAYS (Answer any Six)

 $6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks}$

- 4. Write a note on preparation of cresol with soap solution I.P.
- 5. What are surgical dressings? Give its applications in pharmacy.
- 6. Discuss the principle involved in formulation of tooth powder. Give suitable example.
- 7. Describe the methods to overcome Physical Incompatibility with examples.
- 8. Differentiate flocculated and deflocculated suspension.
- 9. Write short notes on absorbable gelatin sponge.
- 10. Explain the principle involved in preparation of magnesium hydroxide mixture.
- 11. Discuss the methods of evaluation for suspension.

SHORT ANSWERS $10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

- 12. What is paratonic solution?
- 13. Phase inversion.
- 14. Name four solvents used in extraction process.
- 15. What are explosive powders?
- 16. Classify monophasic liquid dosage forms.
- 17. Advantages of liniment.
- 18. Mouth washes.
- 19. What is infusion?
- 20 Calculate the dose for a child whose body weight is 15kg if the adult dose is 300mg.
- 21. Ear drops.
