Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

IV Year Pharm-D Degree Examination - May 2016

Time: Three Hours Max. Marks: 70 Marks

HOSPITAL PHARMACY Q.P. CODE: 2887

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

LONG ESSAYS (Answer any two)

 $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

- 1. Explain in detail the different methods of drug distribution in the hospital.
- 2. Discuss the education and training programs for continuing professional development.
- 3. What is total parenteral nutrition (TPN)? List the components of TPN formulation and explain in detail the electrolytes used in the TPN formulation.

SHORT ESSAYS (Answer any six)

 $6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks}$

- 4. Define hospital pharmacy. List the various services provided by hospital pharmacy.
- 5. Write a note on handling and packing of radiopharmaceuticals.
- 6. What is inventory control? Explain the EOQ method of inventory control.
- 7. Explain the role of pharmacist in infection control committee.
- 8. What is Pharmacy and Therapeutic Committee (PTC)? Discuss the role of PTC in adverse drug reaction monitoring.
- 9. Define hospital formulary. Give its advantages and disadvantages.
- 10. Explain the various quality control tests for parenteral preparations.
- 11. Write a note on professional relations of hospital pharmacist with physicians and nurses.

SHORT ANSWERS $10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

- 12. Write any four services provided by hospital pharmacy.
- 13. Define hospital pharmacy budget.
- 14. Give any two therapeutic applications of radiopharmaceuticals.
- 15. Define safety stock and vendor lead time.
- 16. What is pharmacy newsletter?
- 17. Define satellite pharmacy.
- 18. Give any two functions of research and ethics committee.
- 19. What are therapeutic guidelines?
- 20. Name any two anti-oxidants used in parenterals.
- 21. Give the different methods of tablet manufacturing.
