



# CBCS SCHEME

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15MA54

## Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2021 Elements of Machine Design

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

**Note:** Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

### Module-1

- 1 a. Briefly explain the following theories of failure :  
i) Maximum principal stress theory ii) Maximum shear stress theory. (06 Marks)  
b. A round rod of diameter  $1.2d$  has semicircular groove of diameter  $0.2d$ . The rod is subjected to a bending moment of  $10\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$ . The material of the rod is C 30 steel ( $\sigma_y = 294 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ). Determine the safe value of 'd' by considering stress concentration into account. Take factor of safety = 2. (10 Marks)

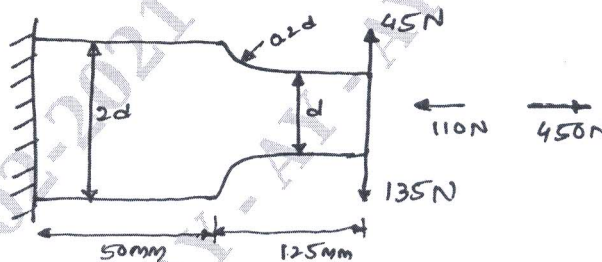
OR

- 2 a. Derive an expression for Instantaneous stress due to axial impact. (06 Marks)  
b. A cantilever beam of width  $50\text{mm}$ , depth  $150\text{mm}$  is  $1.5\text{m}$  long. It is struck by a weight of  $1000\text{N}$  that falls from a height of  $10\text{mm}$  at its free end. Determine the following :  
i) Impact factor ii) Instantaneous maximum deflection  
iii) Instantaneous maximum stress iv) Instantaneous max load. Take  $E = 206 \text{ GPa}$ . (10 Marks)

### Module-2

- 3 A steel cantilever member shown in Fig. Q3 is subjected to a transverse load at its end, that varies from  $45\text{N}$  (up) to  $135\text{N}$  (down) and axial load varies from  $450\text{N}$  (tension) to  $110\text{N}$  (compression). Determine the required diameter at the change of section for infinite life using a factor safety 2. The strength properties of the material are  $\sigma_u = 550 \text{ MPa}$ ,  $\sigma_y = 470 \text{ MPa}$ ,  $\sigma_{-1} = 275 \text{ MPa}$ . (16 Marks)

Fig. Q3



OR

- 4 A solid steel shaft running at  $600\text{rpm}$  is supported on bearings of  $600\text{mm}$  apart. The shaft receives  $40\text{kN}$  through a  $40\text{mm}$  diameter pulley weighting  $400\text{N}$  located  $300\text{mm}$  to the left bearing by a vertical flat belt drive. The power is transmitted from the shaft through another pulley of diameter  $600\text{mm}$  weighing  $600\text{N}$  located at  $200\text{mm}$  to the right of right bearing. The belt drives are at right angle to each other and ratio of belt tension is 3. Determine the size of the shaft necessary, if the allowable shear stress is the shaft material is  $40\text{MPa}$  and the loads are steady. (16 Marks)

**Module-3**

- 5 Design a bronze spur gear  $81.4 \text{ N/mm}^2$  and mild steel pinion  $101 \text{ N/mm}^2$  to transmit  $5 \text{ kW}$  at  $1800 \text{ rpm}$ . The velocity ratio is  $3.5:1$ . Pressure angle is  $14\frac{1}{2}^\circ$ , number of teeth on pinion is 16. Determine the module and face width. Also suggest suitable hardness for the weaker member based on dynamic and wear consideration. (16 Marks)

**OR**

- 6 Design a pair of bevel gears to connect two shafts at  $60^\circ$ . The gears are alloy steel of case hardened and precision cut with form cutters. The gear ratio is  $5:1$ . The power transmitted is  $30 \text{ kW}$  at  $900 \text{ rpm}$  of the pinion. The 24 teeth pinion is of  $20^\circ$  full depth. Suggest suitable surface hardness for the gear pair. (16 Marks)

**Module-4**

- 7 a. Design the assembly of a cotter joint to connect two rods subjected to an axial pull of  $600 \text{ kN}$ . The material selected for the joint has the following permissible stresses :  $300 \text{ MPa}$  in tension,  $220 \text{ MPa}$  in shear and  $450 \text{ MPa}$  in crushing. (08 Marks)  
 b. Design the assembly of a knuckle joint to connect two mild steel rods subjected to an axial pull of  $100 \text{ kN}$ . The allowable stress for rods are  $100 \text{ MPa}$ ,  $130 \text{ MPa}$  and  $60 \text{ MPa}$  in tension, crushing and shear respectively. The bending of the pin is prevented by selection of proper fit. (08 Marks)

**OR**

- 8 a. The standard cross section of a flat key, which is fitted on a  $50 \text{ mm}$  diameter shaft is  $16 \text{ mm} \times 10 \text{ mm}$ . The key is transmitting  $475 \text{ N-m}$  torque from the shaft to the hub. The key is made of commercial steel for which yield strength in both tension and compression may be taken as  $230 \text{ N/mm}^2$ . Determine the minimum length of key required if the factor of safety is 3. (06 Marks)  
 b. Design a rigid flange coupling to transmit  $18 \text{ kW}$  at  $1440 \text{ rpm}$ . The allowable shear stress in the cast iron flange is  $4 \text{ MPa}$ . The shaft and keys are made of AISI 1040 annealed steel with ultimate and yield strength values as  $518.3 \text{ MPa}$  and  $353.4 \text{ MPa}$  respectively. (10 Marks)

**Module-5**

- 9 a. Derive an expression of Petroff's equation. (06 Marks)  
 b. A  $75 \text{ mm}$  journal bearing of diameter  $75 \text{ mm}$  supports a load of  $15 \text{ kN}$ . The ratio of  $\frac{d}{c} = 1000$  and the viscosity of the oil is  $25 \times 10^{-3} \text{ pas}$ . The heat generated in the bearing is  $442 \text{ watts}$ . Determine the maximum speed of the journal using Mackee's equation. (10 Marks)

**OR**

- 10 a. Briefly explain the properties of good lubricant. (06 Marks)  
 b. A  $75 \text{ mm}$  long full journal bearing of diameter  $75 \text{ mm}$  supports a load of  $12 \text{ kN}$  at the shaft speed of  $1800 \text{ rpm}$ . Assume the ratio of diameter to diametral clearance is 1000. The viscosity of oil is  $0.01 \text{ Pas}$  at the operating temperature. Determine the following :  
 i) Sommer field number.  
 ii) Coefficient of friction based on Mackee's equation.  
 iii) Amount of heat generated. (10 Marks)

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