

## CBCS SCHEME

17MN45

# Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2021 Mine Surveying - I

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

## Module-1

1 a. The distance measured between two points on a sloping ground is 450m. Find the correction to be applied and the horizontal distance if: i) The angle of slope is  $10^0$  ii) The slope is 1 in 5 iii) The difference in elevation between the two points is 45m. (06 Marks)

b. Given below are the bearings observed in a traverse survey conducted with a prismatic compass at a place where local attraction was suspected.

200	Line	Fore Bearing	Back Bearing
	AB	124 <sup>0</sup> 30'	304 <sup>0</sup> 30'
	BC	68° 15'	246 <sup>0</sup>
	CD	310° 30'	135 <sup>0</sup> 15'
	DA	200 <sup>0</sup> 15'	17 <sup>0</sup> 45'

At what stations do you suspect local attraction? Find the correct bearings of the line and the included angles.

(14 Marks)

#### OR

2 a. The bearings observed in traversing with a compass at a place where local attraction was suspected are given below:

0	Line	Fore Bearing	Back Bearing			
	AB	S 45° 30' E	N 45 <sup>0</sup> 30' W			
	BC	S 60° 00' E	N 60 <sup>0</sup> 40' W			
	CD	N 03 <sup>0</sup> 20' E	S 05 <sup>0</sup> 30' W			
	DA	S 85 <sup>0</sup> 00' W	N 83 <sup>0</sup> 30' E			

At what stations do you suspect local attraction? Find the corrected bearings of the line.

(10 Marks)

b. A chain line ABC crosses a river at  $90^{0}$  B & C are two points located at the near and far bank respectively. AB = 57.73m, BD = 100m and  $|\underline{ABC}| = 90^{0}$ . The bearings of C & A taken at D are  $30^{0}$  and  $120^{0}$  respectively. Find the width of the river. (10 Marks)

## Module-2

- 3 a. Determine the effect of curvature and refraction on leveling. (08 Marks)
  - b. The following consecutive readings were taken with a level and a 4.0m staff on a continuously sloping ground at a common interval of 30m:

0.780; 1.535; 1.955; 2.430; 2.985; 3.480; 1.155; 1.960; 2.365; 3.640; 0.935; 1.045; 1.630 & 2.545.

The reduced level of the first point A was 180.750m. Rule out a page of a level field book and enter the above readings. Calculate the reduced levels of the points by the collimation system and calculate the gradient of the line. (12 Marks)

Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

(10 Marks)

(10 Marks)

- 4 a. Explain the process of setting up a level and temporary adjustments to be adopted during setting up a level. (08 Marks)
  - b. The following consecutive readings were taken with a level and 5 meter leveling staff on continuously sloping ground at a common interval of 20m: 0.385; 1.030; 1.925; 2.825 3.730; 4.685; 0.625; 2.005; 3.110; 4.485. The reduced level of the first point was 208.125m. Rule out a page of a level field book and enter the above readings. Calculate the reduced levels of the points by Rise and Fall method and also the gradient. (12 Marks)

### Module-3

- 5 a. Explain the principle of triangulation considering braced quadrilateral and determine the independent co-ordinates of the same. (10 Marks)
  - b. Explain the characteristics of contour lines, with neat sketch.

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- 6 a. Prove that the best shape of a triangle is isosceles (well conditioned triangle) with base angles equal to 56<sup>0</sup> 14. (10 Marks)
  - b. Explain the Indirect methods of locating contours on ground.

## Module-4

- 7 a. Explain the methods to determine the area from offsets to an irregular boundary. (10 Marks)
  - b. A railway embankment is 10m wide with side slopes 1½ to 1. Assuming the ground to be level in a direction transverse to the centre line, calculate the volume contained in a length of 120m, the centre heights at 20m intervals being in metres 2.2, 3.7, 3.8, 4.0, 3.8, 2.8 and 2.5.

#### OR

- 8 a. Explain the process of determining the volume by spot levels and contours. (10 Marks
  - b. The following perpendicular offsets were taken from a chain line to an irregular boundary.

Chainage (m)	0	30	60	90	120	150	180	210
Offset length (m)	0	2.65	3.8	3.75	4.65	3.60	5	5.80

Calculate the area between the chain line and the irregular boundary: i) Trapezoidal rule
ii) Simpsons rule iii) AVS – ordinate rule iv) Mid – ordinate rule. (10 Marks)

#### Module-5

- 9 a. Explain the miscellaneous operation that can be carried out using a theodolite. (10 Marks)
  - b. Explain the method to determine the Horizontal angle using theodolite to a finer degree of accuracy. (10 Marks)

#### OR

10 a. Explain the methods of Balancing of traverse.

(10 Marks)

b. Explain the method of determining a series of horizontal angle from a theodolite stationed at a common vertex point. (10 Marks)

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