

## Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2021 Electric Circuit Analysis

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

**Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.**

- 1 a. Define Ideal and practical voltage and current sources with the help of neat circuit diagram and characteristic curves. (04 Marks)
- b. Find the equivalent Resistance between terminals A and B using Y- $\Delta$  transformation in the network shown in Fig Q1(b).

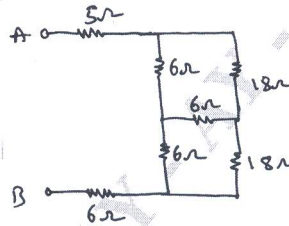


Fig Q1(b)

(06 Marks)

- c. Using mesh current analysis find the value of  $V_2$  such that current through  $4\Omega$  resistance in zero.

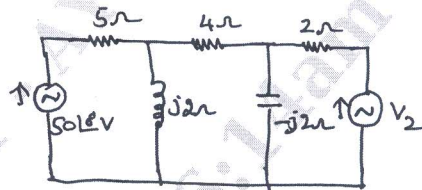


Fig Q1(c)

(06 Marks)

- 2 a. For the Network shown in Fig Q2(a) find node voltage  $V_d$  and  $V_c$

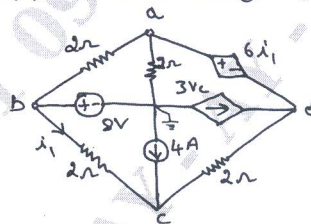


Fig Q2(a)

(08 Marks)

- b. With respect to series Resonant circuit define i) Resonant frequency ( $f_r$ ) ii) Half power frequencies. (04 Marks)
- c. For the network shown in Fig Q2(c) draw the dual circuit. Also write nodal equations for the dual network.

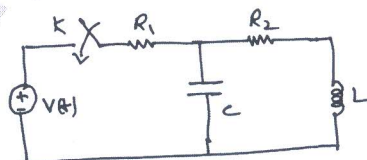


Fig Q2(c)

(04 Marks)

- 3 a. State and explain Thevenin's theorem. (05 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.  
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and/or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

- b. Using Millman's Theorem find the current through  $R_L = 10\Omega$  in the circuit shown in Fig Q3(b)

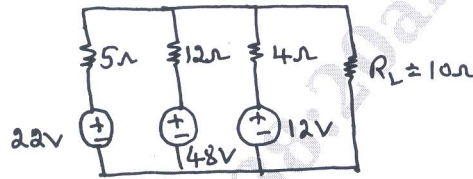


Fig Q3(b)

(05 Marks)

- c. Verify Reciprocity theorem for the circuit shown in Fig Q3(c).

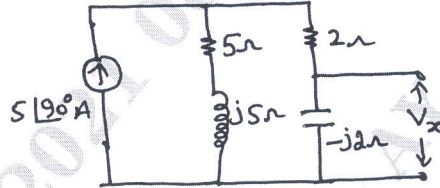


Fig Q3(c)

(06 Marks)

- 4 a. State and Prove maximum power Transfer theorem for D.C circuits. (05 Marks)  
 b. In the circuit shown in Fig Q4(b). Find the value the current  $667\Omega$  resistor using Norton's theorem.

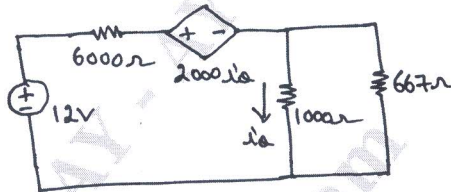


Fig Q4(b)

(06 Marks)

- c. Using super Position Theorem find the current through  $2\Omega$  resistor in Fig Q4(c).

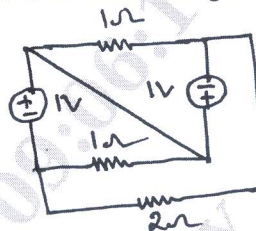


Fig Q4(c)

(05 Marks)

- 5 a. Using classical method find and sketch  $i(t)$  for  $t > 0$  in the circuit shown in Fig 5(a)

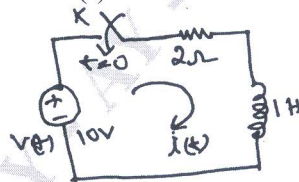


Fig Q5(a)

(08 Marks)

- b. In the network shown in Fig Q5(b)  $V = 10V$ ,  $R = 10\Omega$ ,  $L = 1H$ ,  $C = 10\mu F$  and  $V_c(0) = 0$ .

Find  $i(0^+)$ ,  $\frac{di(0^+)}{dt}$  and  $\frac{d^2i(0^+)}{dt^2}$ , if switches is closed at  $t = 0$

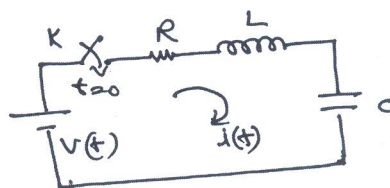


Fig Q5(b)

(08 Marks)

- 6 a. In the circuit shown in Fig Q6(a) the switch 'S' is moved from 'a' to 'b' at  $t = 0$ . Find  $i$ ,  $\frac{di}{dt}$  and  $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$  at  $t = 0^+$ . If  $R = 1\Omega$ ,  $L = H$ ,  $C = 0.1\mu F$  and  $V = 100V$ , Assuming steady state has been achieved with switch 'S' at 'a'.

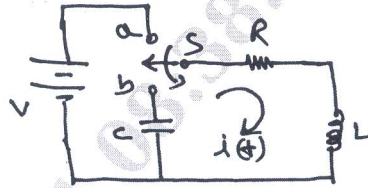


Fig Q6(a)

(08 Marks)

- b. Find and sketch voltage across capacitor  $V_c(t)$  for  $t \geq 0$  in the circuit shown in Fig Q6(b)

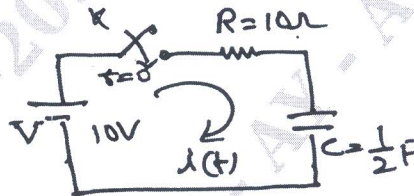


Fig Q6(b)

(08 Marks)

- 7 a. Using convolution Integrals find the inverse Laplace transform of the following functions

i)  $F(s) = \frac{1}{s(s+1)}$     ii)  $F(s) = \frac{1}{(s-a)^2}$

(08 Marks)

- b. Using Laplace transformation method find the expression for current  $i(t)$  when switch 'K' is closed at  $t = 0$  in the network in Fig Q7(b).

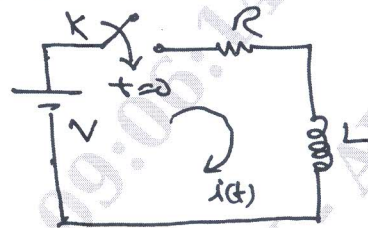


Fig Q7(b)

(08 Marks)

- 8 a. State and prove Initial value theorem and final value theorem.

(08 Marks)

- b. Find the Laplace transform of i)  $\delta(t)$  ii)  $e^{-at}$

(04 Marks)

- c. Find the Laplace Transform of saw tooth waveform shown in Fig Q8(c)

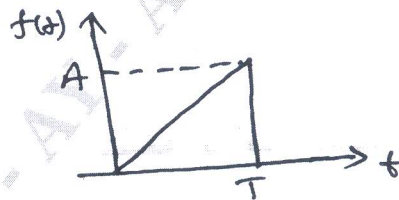


Fig Q8(c)

(04 Marks)

- 9 a. A delta connected three phase load with the impedances of  $(28 + j0)\Omega$ ,  $(25 + j45)\Omega$  and  $(0 - j65)\Omega$  are connected across a 3 phase 230V, 50Hz symmetrical RYB supply. Find the line and phase currents in magnitude and phase. Draw the necessary circuit diagram.

(08 Marks)

- b. Define Poles and Zeros of network functions.

(04 Marks)

- c. Determine Z-parameters for the circuit shown in Fig Q9(c)

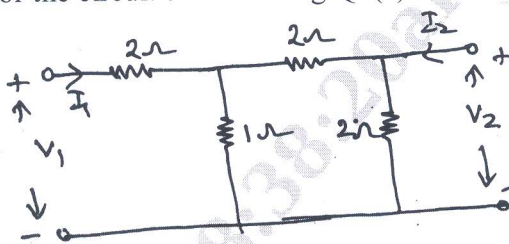


Fig Q9(c)

(04 Marks)

- 10 a. Find out transmission parameters for the network shown in Fig Q10(a).

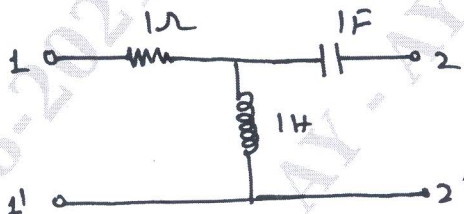


Fig Q10(a)

(08 Marks)

- b. For the network shown in Fig Q10(b) find the driving point function  $Z(s)$  and plot the poles and zeros on s-plane.

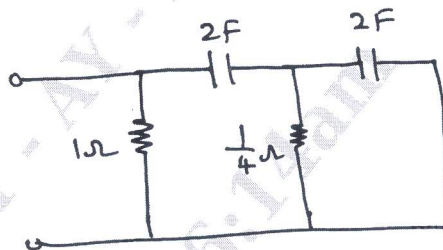


Fig Q10(b)

(08 Marks)

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