

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2021 Linear ICs and Applications

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 2. Use of resistor and capacitor standard values list are permitted.
- 1 a. With a neat circuit diagram, explain the operation of high Z_{in} capacitor-coupled non inverting amplifier and derive the equation for its impedance. (06 Marks)
 - b. Draw the circuit diagram of a capacitor coupled inverting amplifier using a single polarity supply and explain the circuit operation, also write its design steps. (07 Marks)
 - c. Design a capacitor coupled voltage follower using 741 op-amp. The lower cut-off frequency for the circuit is to be 120 Hz and load resistance is $8.2 \text{ K}\Omega$. (07 Marks)
- 2 a. Define:
 - (i) Loop phase shift
- (ii) Loop gain
- (iii) Open loop gain

- (iv) Closed loop gain
- (v) Unity gain bandwidth
- (vi) Slew rate

(06 Marks)

- b. Discuss the effect of stray capacitance on op-amp circuit stability and explain how to compensate for the effect of stray capacitance. (08 Marks)
- c. List the precautions that should be observed for op-amp circuit stability.

(06 Marks)

- 3 a. With a neat circuit diagram, explain the operation of precision clamping circuit and draw input and output waveforms. Write the design steps. (08 Marks)
 - b. Design a non-saturating precision half wave rectifier to produce a 2V peak output from a sine wave input with a peal value of 0.5 V and frequency of 1 MHz. Use a bipolar op-amp with a supply voltage of ±15V.
 - c. With a neat functional diagram, explain the working of successive approximation type analog to digital converter. (06 Marks)
- 4 a. With a neat circuit diagram and waveforms, explain the working of inverting Schmitt trigger circuit. Sketch the input-output characteristic and explain its shape. (07 Marks)
 - b. A capacitor-coupled ZCD is to handle a 1 kHz square wave input with a peak to peak amplitude of 6V. Design a suitable circuit using a 741 op-amp with $\pm 12V$ supply. Assume $V_B = 0.1V$ and $\Delta V = 1V$. (07 Marks)
 - c. With a neat circuit diagram explain the operation of an op-amp astable multivibrator.

(06 Marks)

- 5 a. With a neat circuit diagram and waveforms, explain the operation of triangular/rectangular waveform generator which has frequency and duty cycle controls. (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain the circuit operation of a phase shift oscillator and draw the output and feedback voltage waveforms. (06 Marks)
 - c. Using a BIFET op-amp with a supply of ± 15 V, design a Wein bridge oscillator to have a output frequency of 12 kHz. Assume C = 0.01 μ F. (04 Marks)

- 6 a. Sketch the circuit diagram and frequency response of a first order high pass filter. Explain its operation and design procedure. (06 Marks)
 - b. With a neat circuit diagram, explain the operation of a single stage band pass filter, and design procedure. (08 Marks)
 - c. With a block diagram, explain the operation of band stop filter constructed using low pass and high pass filters, also draw the frequency response. (06 Marks)
- 7 a. List the various features of universal active filter FLT-U2. (04 Marks)
 - b. Explain the operation of switched capacitor filter and draw the input output waveforms.

(08 Marks)

- c. With a block diagram, explain the operation of Phase Locked Loop. Write four applications of phase locked loop. (08 Marks)
- 8 a. With a neat circuit diagram, explain the operation of a precision voltage regulator. (06 Marks)
 - b. A dc voltage follower regulator has $V_S = V_{CC} = 12$ V, $V_0 = 6.3$ V, $R_1 = 270$ Ω and $I_{L(max)} = 42$ mA. If the supply source resistance is 25 Ω . Determine the line regulation, load regulation and ripple rejection for the circuit. The Zener diode used is 1N753, $Z_z = 7\Omega$.

(06 Marks)

c. Mention the salient features of 723 regulator. Show how a 723 regulator can be used as a positive and negative voltage regulator and explain the circuit operation. (08 Marks)

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