

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2021
Signals and Systems

Time: 3 hrs.

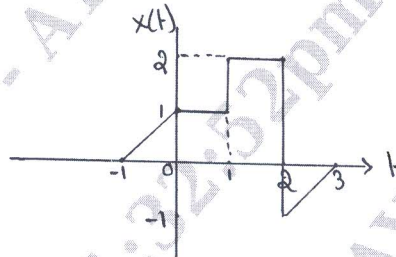
Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

1.
 - a. Explain the classification of signals. (08 Marks)
 - b. Find and sketch the even and odd components of the following:

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} t & 0 \leq t \leq 1 \\ 2-t & 1 \leq t \leq 2 \end{cases}$$
 (06 Marks)
 - c. Check whether the following signals are periodic or not. If periodic, find the fundamental period. i) $x_1(n) = \cos 2\pi n$ ii) $x_2(n) = \cos 2n$. (06 Marks)
2.
 - a. Explain the properties of systems. (06 Marks)
 - b. Determine whether the system $y(t) = x(t^2)$ is i) Linear ii) Time-invariant iii) Casual iv) Stable. (08 Marks)
 - c. A continuous time signal $x(t)$ show in Fig.Q.2(c). Draw the signal $y(t) = \{x(t) + x(2-t)\} u(1-t)$. (06 Marks)

Fig.Q.2(c)



3.
 - a. Derive the equation for convolution integral. (06 Marks)
 - b. A continuous time LTI system with unit impulse response $h(t) = u(t)$ and input $x(t) = e^{-at} u(t)$; $a > 0$, find the output $y(t)$ of the system. (08 Marks)
 - c. A difference equation of a discrete time system is given

$$y(n) - \frac{3}{4} y(n-1) + \frac{1}{8} y(n-2) = x(n) + \frac{1}{2} x(n-1)$$
 Draw direct form-I and direct form-II structures. (06 Marks)
4.
 - a. Find the response of the system described by the difference equation

$$y(n) - \frac{1}{9} y(n-2) = x(n-1)$$
 with $y(-1) = 1, y(-2) = 0$ and $x(n) = u(n)$. (10 Marks)
 - b. Find the total response of the system given by

$$\frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt^2} + 3 \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 2y(t) = 2x(t)$$
 with $y(0) = -1$; $\left. \frac{dy(t)}{dt} \right|_{t=0} = 1$ and $x(t) = \cos t u(t)$. (10 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

- 5 a. Find the Fourier transform of rectangular pulse shown below:

$$x(j\omega) = \frac{1}{(a + j\omega)^2}$$
 (08 Marks)
- b. Obtain the Fourier transform of $x(t) = te^{-at} u(t)$. (06 Marks)
- c. State any six properties of the continuous time Fourier transform. (06 Marks)
- 6 a. State and prove the following properties of Fourier transform i) Time Shifting Property
 ii) Parseval's theorem. (10 Marks)
- b. The impulse response of a continuous-time LTI system is given by $h(t) = \frac{1}{Rc} e^{-t/Rc} u(t)$.
 Find the frequency response and plot the magnitude and phase response. (10 Marks)
- 7 a. Find the OTFT of the signal, $x(n) = \alpha^n u(n)$; $|\alpha| < 1$. Draw the magnitude spectrum. (06 Marks)
- b. Obtain the frequency response and the impulse response of the system described by the
 difference equation given by $y(n) + \frac{1}{2}y(n-1) = x(n) - 2x(n-1)$ (06 Marks)
- c. Compute the DTFT of the following signals:
 i) $x(n) = 2^n u(-n)$ ii) $x(n) = a^{|n|}$; $|a| < 1$ (08 Marks)
- 8 a. State and prove Parseval's theorem in discrete time domain. (08 Marks)
- b. Obtain the frequency response and the impulse response of the system having the output
 $y(n)$ for the input $x(n)$ as given below.

$$x(n) = \left[\frac{1}{2}\right]^n u(n); y(n) = \frac{1}{4}\left[\frac{1}{2}\right]^n u(n) + \left[\frac{1}{4}\right]^n u(n)$$
 (06 Marks)
- c. Obtain the difference equation for the system with frequency response.

$$H(e^{j\Omega}) = 1 + \frac{e^{-j\Omega}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\Omega}\right)\left(1 + \frac{1}{4}e^{j\Omega}\right)}$$
 (06 Marks)
- 9 a. Define ROC and explain its properties. (06 Marks)
- b. Find the z-transform of the following:
 i) $x(n) = \alpha^{|n|}$, $0 < |\alpha| < 1$ ii) $n\left[\frac{1}{2}\right]^n u(n) * \left[\delta(n) + \frac{1}{2}\delta(n-1)\right]$ (08 Marks)
- c. Find $x(z)$ if $x(n) = -\alpha^n u(-n-1)$ and find the ROC. (06 Marks)
- 10 a. Solve the following difference equation using Z-transform $x(n-2) - 9x(n-1) + 18x(n) = 0$.
 Initial conditions are $x(-1) = 1$, $x(-2) = 9$. (10 Marks)
- b. Find inverse z-transform of the following using partial fraction expansion method.

$$X(z) = \frac{(1 + 2z^{-1} + z^{-2})}{\left(1 - \frac{3}{2}z^{-1} + \frac{1}{2}z^{-2}\right)}$$
 (10 Marks)

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