

17EE72

## Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2021 Power System Protection

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1 a. List and explain the essential qualities of a protective relay.
  b. With a neat diagram, explain zones of protection in a power system.
  c. How protective relays are classified? List them.
  (06 Marks)
  (06 Marks)
  - a. Derive an expression for torque produced by an induction relay.
    b. Draw the schematic diagram of a numerical relay and explain the functions of various components.
    c. What are the advantages of static relays over electromechanical relays?
- 3 a. What is an impedance relay? Explain its operating principle, torque equation and operating characteristics of impedance relay.

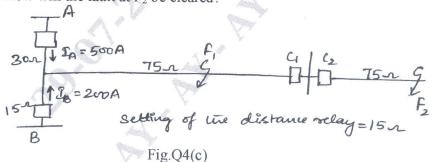
  (08 Marks)

b. Explain stepped time-distance characteristics of three distance relaying units used for I, II and III zones of protection. (06 Marks)

c. With a circuit diagram, explain directional earth fault relay. (06 Marks)

- 4 a. Discuss the effect of power surges on the performance of different types of distance relays.
  - b. With a neat schematic diagram, explain the construction and working of reactance relay.

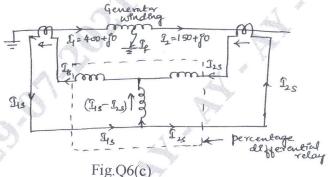
    (08 Marks)
  - c. Fig.Q4(c) shows distance protection for a section of a power system. The I zone setting at A and B is 150  $\Omega$ .
    - (i) What will be impedance seen by the relay at A for a fault at  $F_1$ ?
    - (ii) Will the relay at B trip for a fault at F1 before the circuit breaker at A has tripped?
    - (iii) If the circuit breaker C<sub>2</sub> fails for a fault at F<sub>2</sub>, will the fault be cleared by relays at A and B?
    - (iv) How will the fault at F<sub>2</sub> be cleared?



(06 Marks)

- 5 a. With a neat sketch, explain the working of differential protection of 3-phase circuits and balanced (opposed) voltage differential protection.
  - b. Define the term 'pilot' with reference to power line protection. List the different types of wire pilot protection schemes and explain for any one scheme. (08 Marks)
  - c. With a neat sketch, explain the working of frame leakage protection used for bus zone protection. (06 Marks)

- 6 a. With a neat diagram, explain the working of a Bucholz's relay. (08 Marks)
  - What are the protective devices employed for the protection of an alternator against (i) over voltage (ii) over speed (iii) motoring? Discuss them in brief.
  - c. A generator winding is protected by using a percentage differential relay whose characteristic is having a slope of 10%. A ground fault occurred near the terminal end of the generator winding while generator is carrying load. As a consequence, the currents flowing at each end of the winding are shown in Fig.Q6(c). Assuming CT ratio of 500/5 A, the relay operate to trip the circuit breakers.



(06 Marks)

- 7 a. With a neat sketch, explain the recovery rate theory and energy balance theory of arc interruption in a circuit breaker.

  (08 Marks)
  - b. What are the advantages and disadvantages of SF<sub>6</sub> circuit breaker? (06 Marks)
  - c. With a neat sketch, explain the working of air blast circuit breaker. (06 Marks)
- 8 a. With a neat diagram, describe the working principle of vacuum circuit breaker. (10 Marks)
  - b. Explain the terms: restriking voltage, recovery voltage and RRV. Derive expressions for restriking voltage and RRV in terms of system voltage, inductance and capacitance. What measures are taken to reduce them?

    (10 Marks)
- 9 a. Explain the construction and operation of the HRC cartridge fuse. What are its advantages and disadvantages?
  - b. Describe the phenomenon of lightning. (08 Marks)
  - c. State any four essential requirements of a surge diverter. (08 Marks)
- 10 a. With a neat figure, explain the working of (i) Rod gap arrestor (ii) Expulsion type arrestor
  - b. With a neat sketch, explain the construction and working of klydonograph and magnetic link.

    (06 Marks)
  - c. Explain the modules/components of GIS. (06 Marks)

\* \* \* \*