## Third Semester B.E. Degree

## Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2021 Additional Mathematics - I

MTime: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

1 a. Express 
$$\frac{(3+i)(1-3i)}{(2+i)}$$
 in the form  $x + iy$ . (06 Marks)

b. Find the modulus and amplitude of the complex number 
$$1 + \cos \alpha + i \sin \alpha$$
. (05 Marks)

c. If 
$$\vec{a} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$$
,  $\vec{b} = -\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ ,  $\vec{c} = \hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ , then find  $\vec{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \vec{c})$ . (05 Marks)

2 a. Prove that 
$$\left[\frac{1+\cos\theta+i\sin\theta}{1+\cos\theta-i\sin\theta}\right]^n = \cos n\theta + i\sin n\theta$$
. (06 Marks)

b. Find the cube root of 
$$1 + i\sqrt{3}$$
. (05 Marks)

c. Show that the vectors 
$$\vec{a} = \hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$$
,  $\vec{b} = -2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} - 4\hat{k}$  and  $\vec{c} = \hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}$  are coplanar. (05 Marks)

3 a. Find the 
$$n^{th}$$
 derivative of  $e^{ax} \sin(bx + c)$ . (06 Marks)

b. With usual notations prove that 
$$\tan \phi = r \cdot d\theta$$
 (05 Marks)

c. If 
$$u = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{x^3 + y^3}{x - y} \right)$$
 then show that  $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \sin 2 u$ . (05 Marks)

4 a. Find the n<sup>th</sup> derivative of 
$$\frac{x}{(x-2)(x-3)}$$
. (06 Marks)

b. Find the angle between the curves 
$$r = a(1 + \cos \theta)$$
 and  $r = b(1 - \cos \theta)$ . (05 Marks)

c. Given 
$$u = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$$
,  $v = xy + yz + zx$ ,  $w = x + y + z$ , find  $\frac{\partial(u, v, w)}{\partial(x, y, z)}$ . (05 Marks)

5 a. Obtain the reduction formula for 
$$\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n} x \, dx$$
. (06 Marks)

b. Evaluate 
$$\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{16}} \cos^{5} (8x) \sin^{6}(16x) dx$$
. (05 Marks)

c. Evaluate 
$$\int_{1}^{2} \int_{1}^{3} x y^{2} dx dy$$
. (05 Marks)

6 a. Evaluate 
$$\int_{0}^{2a} x^2 \sqrt{2ax - x^2} dx.$$
 (06 Marks)

b. Evaluate 
$$\int_{0}^{\pi} \frac{\sin^{4} \theta}{(1 + \cos \theta)^{2}} d\theta.$$
 (05 Marks)

c. Evaluate 
$$\int_{-3}^{3} \int_{0}^{1} \int_{1}^{2} (x + y + z) dx dy dz$$
. (05 Marks)

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Find velocity and acceleration of a particle moving along the curve

$$\vec{r} = e^{-2t} \hat{i} + 2\cos 5t \hat{j} + 5\sin t \hat{k}$$
 at anytime t. Find their magnitudes at  $t = 0$ . (06 Marks)

b. If 
$$\phi = x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz$$
 find  $\nabla \phi$  at  $(1, -1, 2)$ . (05 Marks)  
c. Show that  $\vec{F} = (x + 3y) \hat{i} + (y - 3z) \hat{j} + (x - 2z) \hat{k}$  is Solenoidal. (05 Marks)

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$$\vec{F} = (x + 3y) \hat{i} + (y - 3z) \hat{j} + (x - 2z) \hat{k}$$
 is Solenoidal. (05 Marks)

- Find the unit tangent vector of the space curve  $\vec{r} = \cos t \hat{i} + \sin t \hat{j} + t \hat{k}$ . 8 (06 Marks)
  - b. If  $\vec{F} = x^2y \hat{i} + yz^2 \hat{j} + zx^2 \hat{k}$ , then find div (curl  $\vec{F}$ ). (05 Marks)
  - c. Find the constants a, b and c such that the vector

$$\vec{F} = (x + y + az) \hat{i} + (x + cy + 2z) \hat{j} + (bx + 2y - z) \hat{k} \text{ is irrotational.}$$
 (05 Marks)

- a. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + \frac{y}{x} + \left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$ (06 Marks)
  - b. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} + y \cot x = \sin x$ . (05 Marks)
  - c. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^2 2xy}{x^2 \sin y}.$ (05 Marks)
- 10 a. Solve  $(2x^3 xy^2 2y + 3)dx (x^2y + 2x)dy = 0$ . b. Solve (1 + xy)y dx + (1 xy) x dy = 0. (06 Marks)
  - (05 Marks)
  - c. Solve  $x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = x^3 y^6$ . (05 Marks)