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Learning Resource Centre	CBCS SCHEME	
Acharya Institute & Technology USN		15AE53

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Feb./Mar. 2022 Heat and Mass Transfer

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 80

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

2. Use of data hand book and steam tables are allowed.

3. Assume missing data suitably.

Module-1

a. Explain different modes of mass transfer.

(08 Marks)

b. Explain hydrodynamic boundary layer.

(08 Marks)

OR

2 a. Explain Fick's law of diffusion

(08 Marks)

b. Explain following:

i) Mass concentration

ii) Mole concentration

iii) Mass fraction iv) Mole fraction.

(08 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. A thin metal surface sphere of dia 300mm is used to store liquefied gas at -200°C. To reduce heat leakage from atmosphere at 30°C. It insulted by 2 layers of insulation each 30mm thick. First layer of insulating material has thermal conductivity of 0.06W/mK second layer has 0.6 W/mk, determine heat leakage.
 - i) When better insulation is next to sphere

ii) When better conductor is immediately next to sphere.

(08 Marks

- b. A Furnace wall is made up of 3 layers of thickness 250m, 100mm, 150mm with thermal conductivities of 1.65W/mK, K, 9.2W/mK respectively. The inside is exposed to gases at 1250°C with convective coefficient of 25W/m²K and the inside surfaces at 1100°C. Outside surface is exposed to air at 25°C with convection coefficient of 12W/m²K. Determine:
 - i) The unknown 'K'
- ii) Overall heat transfer coefficient iii) All surface temperatures

(08 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Obtain temperature distribution equation for lumped heat system and hence obtain expression for total heat transfer in such system. (08 Marks)
 - b. The nose section of missile is formed at a 6mm thick stainless steel plate and is held at 40° C initially. The missile enters the denser layer of atmosphere at a very high velocity. The effective temperature of air, surrounding the nose region attains the value 2200° C and the surface convective coefficient is 3400 W/m^2 K. Calculate maximum permissible time in these surroundings if maximum metal temperature is not to exceed 1000° C. Take for steel $\rho = 7800 \text{ kg/m}^3$, c = 465 J/kg-K and K = 5 h w/mK (08 Marks)

Module-3

5 a. Obtain dimensionless numbers for natural convection using Buckingham's theorem.

(08 Marks)

b. A circular hot plate 15cm in diameter maintained at 160°C atmospheric air at 20°C. Calculate the convection heat loss from both the faces of plate, when upper surface is heated and lower surface is cooled and plate is kept in horizontal position. (08 Marks)

OR

6 a. Water flows through a 5cms diameter tube at a velocity of 1m/sec. Find the heat lost in a length of 2m in the water temperature is 40°C and wall temperature is 80°C. (08 Marks)

b. Air at 25°C and atmospheric pressure flows across a heated cylinder of diameters 7.5cm. If the velocity of air flow is 1.2 m/sec and cylinder surface is maintained at 95°C, find rate of heat transfer. (08 Marks)

Module-4

7 a. Explain Planck's distribution law and Wein's displacement law. (04 Marks)

b. It is observed that the intensity of radiation emitted by the sun is maximum at a wavelength of 0.5μ. Assume sun as black body, calculate surface temperature and emissive power.

(04 Marks)

c. A radiation shield is provided between 2 large parallel iron plate to reduce heat transfer between them by 8 times. If the emissivity of the iron is 0.65, what should be the emissivity of shield material? (08 Marks)

OR

8 a. Obtain LMTD equation for counter flow heat exchanger. (08 Marks)

b. A 2 shell pass 4 tube pass counter flow heat exchanger with a flow arrangement has a water on a shell side special liquid on the tube side. The water is cooled from 18°C to 6°C with special liquid entering at -1°C and leaving at 3°C. The overall heat transfer co-efficient is 600W/m²°C. Calculate heat transfer area required to heat load of 2400W. (08 Marks)

Module-5

9 a. With neat sketch, explain main parts of thrust chamber. (08 Marks)

b. With neat sketch, explain heat transfer distribution in thrust chamber. (08 Marks)

OR

10 a. Obtain species conservation equation. (08 Marks

b. An open pan 20cm in dia and 8cm deep contains water at 25°C and is exposed to dry atmospheric air. If the rate of diffusion of water vapour is 8.54×10^{-4} kg/h, find diffusion coefficient of water in air. Take saturation pressure of $H_2O = 0.03165$ bar at 25°C. (08 Marks)

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