10MT74

Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Feb./Mar. 2022 Digital Signal Processing

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.

PART - A

- 1 a. Explain frequency domain sampling and reconstruction of DT signals. (10 Marks)
 - b. Find the 4-pint DFT of the sequence $x(n) = \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right)$. (04 Marks)
 - c. Explain the relationship between:
 - i) DFT and Z transform
 - ii) DFT and DTFT.

(06 Marks)

- 2 a. Compute the circular convolution of $x_1(n) = \{2, 1, 2, 1\}$; $x_2(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ using DFT and IDFT method. (06 Marks)
 - b. State and prove:
 - i) Circular time shift property
 - ii) Parseval's theorem.

(06 Marks)

- c. Find the output y(n) of a filter with impulse response $h(n) = \{1, 2\}$ and input signal $x(n) = \{1, 2, -1, 2, 3, -2, -3, -1, 1, 2, -1\}$ using overlap save method. [Use 4-point circular convolution in your approach]. (08 Marks)
- 3 a. Tabulate the number of complex multiplications and complex additions required for direct computation of DFT and FFT algorithms for N = 8, 32, 512, 1024. (10 Marks)
 - b. Compute the circular convolution using DIT FFT algorithm.

$$x_1(n) = \{2, 3, 1, 1\}, x_2(n) = \{1, 3, 5, 3\}.$$

(10 Marks)

4 a. Derive the radix-2 DIT – FFT algorithm for N = 8 and draw the signal flow graph.

(10 Marks)

b. If $x(n) = \{2, 1, 2, 1\}$ compute 8-point DFT of x(n) using DIF – FFT algorithm. (10 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. Design an analog filter with maximally flat response in the passband and an acceptable attenuation of -2dB at 20rad/sec. The attenuation in the passband should be more than 10dB beyond 30rad/sec. (10 Marks)
 - b. Deign a lowpass 1rad/sec bandwidth Chebyshev filter with the following characteristics:
 - i) Acceptable passband ripple of 2dB
 - ii) Cut-off radiance frequencies of 1 rad/sec
 - iii) Stopband attenuation of 20dB or greater beyond 1.3rad/sec.

(10 Marks)

10MT74

6 a. Design a FIR filter for the desired frequency response of a lowpass filter given by

$$H_d(e^{j\omega}) = e^{-j2\omega}$$
 for $\frac{-\pi}{4} \le \omega \le \frac{\pi}{4}$

$$0 \text{for} \frac{\pi}{4} \le |\omega| \le \pi$$

Using rectangular window of length 5.

(10 Marks)

b. Determine the impulse response h(n) of a filter having desired frequency response.

$$H_{d}(e^{j\omega}) = e^{-j(N-1)\frac{\omega}{2}} \text{ for } 0 \le |\omega| \le \frac{\pi}{2}$$

N = 7, use frequency sampling approach.

(10 Marks)

7 a. Design the Chebyshev filter using bilinear transformation to meet the following specification:

$$0.707 \le \left| \mathbf{H}(\mathbf{e}^{\mathbf{J}\omega}) \right| \le 1 \qquad 0 \le \omega \le 0.2\pi$$

$$\left| \mathbf{H}(\mathbf{e}^{\mathbf{J}\omega}) \right| \le 0.1 \quad 0.5 \, \pi \le \omega \le \pi$$
(14 Marks)

- b. Find the $H_a(s) = \frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)}$ corresponding H(z) using impulse invariance method for sampling frequency of 5 samples/sec. (06 Marks)
- 8 a. $H(z) = \frac{1 + \frac{1}{5}z^{-1}}{\left(1 \frac{1}{2}z^{-1} + \frac{1}{3}z^{-2}\right)\left(1 + \frac{1}{4}z^{-1}\right)}$. Realize disect form 1 and cascade. (08 Marks)
 - b. Realize using linear phase $H(z) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}z^{-1} + z^{-2} + \frac{1}{4}z^{-3} + z^{-4} + \frac{1}{3}z^{-5} + \frac{1}{2}z^{-6}$. (04 Marks)
 - c. Consider a FIR filter with system function, $H(z) = 1 + 2.82z^{-1} + 3.4048z^{-2} + 1.74z^{-3}$, sketch the lattice realization of the filter. (08 Marks)
