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Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2022
Engineering Thermodynamics

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

- Note:** 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.
2. Use of Thermodynamic data handbook, Steam tables are permitted.

Module-1

- 1 a. With suitable sketches / examples distinguish between : i) Closed and Open system
ii) Path and Point function iii) Thermal and Mechanical equilibrium. (06 Marks)
b. State Zeroth law of thermodynamics and extract the concept of temperature from it. (04 Marks)
c. The temperature 't' on a certain celsius thermometric scale is given by means of a property through a relations $t = a \ln p + b$, where a and b are constants and P is the property of the fluid. If, at the ice point and steam points the values of P are found to be 4 and 20 respectively, what will be temperature reading corresponding to a reading of P = 16? (10 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Distinguish between Heat and Work. (04 Marks)
b. A system undergoes a process in which the pressure and volume are related by the equation of the form $PV^n = C$. Derive an expression for displacement work during this process. (08 Marks)
c. A spherical Balloon of 1m diameter contains a gas at 250 KPa and 300K. The gas inside is heated until the pressure reaches to 500 KPa. During this process of heating, the pressure of gas inside the Balloon is proportional to the diameter of the Balloon. Calculate the work done by the gas inside the Balloon (08 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. State First Law of Thermodynamics and explain Joule's experiment, with neat sketch. (06 Marks)
b. Prove that Internal energy is a property of the system. (06 Marks)
c. Write the steady flow energy equation for an open system. Explain the terms involved in it. Simply SFEE for following system i) Steam turbine ii) Nozzle. (08 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. State Kelvin Plank and Clausius statement of second law of thermodynamics and show that they are equivalent. (06 Marks)
b. State and prove Clausius Inequality. (08 Marks)
c. A heat engine working on Carnot cycle converts one – fifth of the heat input into work. When the temperature of the sink is reduced by 80°C the efficiency gets doubled. Calculate for the temperature of source and sink. (06 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. With the help of P – V and T – S diagram, derive an expression for Air – standard efficiency of Otto Cycle with usual notation. (10 Marks)
b. With the help of P – V and T – S diagram. Derive an expression for the efficiency of diesel cycle in terms of its compression and cut – off ratios. (10 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Describe the Morse test. How it can be used to find the friction power and indicated power of an IC engine. (08 Marks)
- b. A 4 stroke, 4 – cylinder petrol engine of cylinder dimensions 10cm × 12cm has a compression ratio of 7. It is tested at 3000 rpm with a dynamometer which has 50cm arm. During 10 – minute test, the dynamometer scales reads 40kg of fuel and engine consumes 4.8 kg of fuel. Air is supplied at 1 bar and 300K is 6kg/min assuming CV of fuel as 44MJ/kg. (12 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Explain Vapor absorption refrigeration system with neat sketch. (08 Marks)
- b. Write short note on :
- i) Steam Jet refrigeration ii) Refrigerants and their properties. (12 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Define and Explain : i) Dry bulb temperature ii) Wet bulb temperature
iii) Dew point temperature iv) Specific Humidity v) Relative Humidity. (10 Marks)
- b. Describe Summer Air conditioning system for hot and humid outdoor conditions. (10 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Derive the expression for the isothermal work done by a reciprocating compression of single stage, neglecting clearance volume. (10 Marks)
- b. Derive the condition for minimum work input to a two stage reciprocating Air compressor with perfect inter cooling. (10 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Classify and explain Constant Pressure gas turbines with neat sketch. (08 Marks)
- b. Explain the following with neat diagram :
- i) Turbo Jet Engine ii) Turbo Prop Engine iii) Rocket Propulsion. (12 Marks)
