

Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2022
Digital Communication

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.

PART – A

- 1
 - a. Explain the basic signal processing operations in Digital communications with block diagram. (06 Marks)
 - b. Explain the operation of quadrature sampling band-pass signals with generation of in-phase and quadrature samples from band-pass signal $g(t)$ and Reconstruction of band-pass signal $g(t)$. (08 Marks)
 - c. Find the Nyquist rate and Nyquist interval for the signal

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \cos(4000\pi t) \cos(1000\pi t)$$
 (06 Marks)

- 2
 - a. Explain the operation of Time division multiplexing system with block diagram and waveforms illustrating TDM for two message signals. (10 Marks)
 - b. A signal $m_1(t)$ is band limited to 3KHz and three other signals $m_2(t)$, $m_3(t)$ and $m_4(t)$ are band limited to 1.5KHz each. These are transmitted by means of TDM.
 - i) Setup a commutator scheme to realize the multiplexing with each signal sampled at Nyquist rate.
 - ii) Find the speed of the commutator in samples/sec and the maximum band-width of the channel (06 Marks)
 - c. What is the significance of robust quantization? Explain briefly. (04 Marks)

- 3
 - a. Explain the operation of the differential pulse-code modulation with transmitter scheme and Receiver scheme. (08 Marks)
 - b. With block diagram approach, explain the operation of the delta modulator system. (06 Marks)
 - c. A Delta modulator system is designed to operate at three times nyquist rate for a signal with 3KHz bandwidth. The quantizing step-size is 250mV.
 - i) Determine the maximum amplitude of a 1KHz I/P Sinusoid for which DM system does not show slope overload.
 - ii) Determine the post filtered output signal to noise ratio for the signal of part i) (06 Marks)

- 4
 - a. Explain the Intersymbol Interference effect with block diagram approach using baseband binary data transmission system. (07 Marks)
 - b. Explain the correlative coding with Duobinary signaling scheme. Plot the frequency response of duobinary conversion filter. (06 Marks)
 - c. Explain the significance of the Eye-pattern with distorted binary wave and Interpretation of eye pattern. (07 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

PART – B

- 5 a. Explain the coherent binary FSK system with signal space diagram binary FSK transmitter and coherent binary FSK receiver. (10 Marks)
- b. A binary ASK system transmits data at a rate of 4.8 mbps over an AWGN channel having bandwidth 10MHz. The noise is zero mean with power spectral density 10^{-15} W/Hz. The amplitude and received signal is one mV. Determine the average probability of error for coherent ASK detector. (05 Marks)
- c. Write a note on Differential phase-shift keying. (05 Marks)
- 6 a. Explain the Gram – Schmidt orthogonalization procedure with scheme for generating the signal $S_i(t)$ and scheme for generating the set of coefficients $\{S_i\}$. Write the relevant mathematical expressions. (10 Marks)
- b. With block diagram approach, explain the conceptualized model of a digital communication system. Write the relevant mathematical expressions. (10 Marks)
- 7 a. Briefly explain about detection of known signal in noise. (06 Marks)
- b. Explain the operation of the correlation receiver with detector scheme and vector receiver. (07 Marks)
- c. Explain the operation of the matched filter with relevant diagram and mathematical expressions. (07 Marks)
- 8 a. What are the advantages of spread spectrum system? Mention the applications of spread spectrum modulation. (06 Marks)
- b. Explain the operation of the Direct sequence spread coherent binary phase shift keying with transmitter scheme and Receiver scheme. (08 Marks)
- c. In a Direct sequence spread spectrum modulation, it is required to have a jamming margin greater than 26dB. The ratio E_b/N_0 is set at 10. Determine the minimum processing gain and the minimum number of stages required to generate the maximum length sequence. (06 Marks)
