

OR

- 6 a. Write neat diagram and derive Friss transmission formula and indicate all the antenna parameters clearly. (06 Marks)
- b. Consider isotropic radiator in polar coordinate showing incremental angle dA on the surface of a sphere of radius r and derive inverse square law of radiation equation. Also write E-plane and H-plane patterns in two-dimensional (2D) plots by considering two orthogonal principal plane cuts of the 3D pattern of a half wave dipole. (08 Marks)
- c. Explain different types of striplines and highlight the importance of dielectric constant in the design of striplines. (06 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Derive radiation resistance of short electric dipole (R_r). (06 Marks)
- b. Explain different types of antenna array and explain the principle of pattern multiplication with the help of suitable example. (08 Marks)
- c. A Hertzian dipole of length $dl = 0.5$ m is radiating into free space. If dipole current is 4 A and frequency is 10 MHz. Calculate the highest power density at a distance of 2 km from the antenna. (06 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Derive an array factor expression in the case of linear array of n isotropic point sources of equal amplitude and spacing. (08 Marks)
- b. Derive directivity of short dipole antenna. (08 Marks)
- c. Determine total field pattern using principle of pattern multiplication. For 2 sources separated $\frac{\lambda}{2}$ apart and $\delta = 0$ with individual source pattern given by $E = E_0 \cos \phi$. (04 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Derive an expression for far fields E_ϕ and H_θ for small loop antenna. (10 Marks)
- b. Write short note on : (10 Marks)
- Parabolic antenna.
 - Yagi-Uda antenna.

OR

- 10 a. Show that the radiation resistance of small loop single turn antenna is $31,200 \left(\frac{A}{\lambda^2}\right)^2$. Calculate the radiation resistance for 50 turns if $\frac{C}{\lambda} = 0.1$. Where C is the circumference of circular loop antenna. (10 Marks)
- b. Write note on log periodic antenna. (05 Marks)
- c. Write neat diagram of pyramidal horn antenna and determine the length L , H-plane aperture and flare angle θ_E and θ_H in E and H plane respectively. E plane aperture $A_e = 10 \lambda$. The horn is fed by a rectangular waveguide with TE_{10} mode. Let $\delta = 0.2\lambda$ in the E plane and 0.375λ in the H plane. Calculate H plane aperture. Also calculate beamwidth and directivity. (05 Marks)

* * * * *