## Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnata

I Year B.Sc. Allied Health Sciences Degree Examination - 23 May 202

**Time: Three Hours** 

Max. Marks: 100 Marks

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#### **PATHOLOGY**

(RS-3 – B.Sc Cardiac Care Technology, Perfusion Technology, Renal Dialysis Technology,
Respiratory Care Technology, Neuro Sciences Technology, Anesthesia Technology,
Operation Theatre Technology, Emergency and Trauma Care Technology)
(RS-4 – B.Sc Medical Laboratory Technology, Medical Imaging Technology and Radiotherapy Technology)
Anesthesia and Operation Theatre Technology

Q.P. CODE: 3264 (QP contains two pages)

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked. Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

## LONG ESSAYS (Second Question Choice)

 $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks}$ 

- 1. Define inflammation. Mention the causes, signs and types of inflammation. Add a note on factors that affect wound healing.
- 2. What are anticoagulants? List the anticoagulants used in a clinical laboratory, with their mode of action and the tests for which they are used.

OR

Write in detail the procedure and positive pathological findings in Urine sediment (Microscopy examination).

### SHORT ESSAYS (Question No 5 & 10 choice)

 $10 \times 5 = 50 \text{ Marks}$ 

- 3. Write the principle of APTT. List three causes of prolonged APTT.
- 4. Tabulate the differences in benign and malignant tumors.
- 5. Define ESR. Describe the methods of determining ESR and causes of increased ESR.

OR

List the methods of Hemoglobin estimation. Explain the principle, procedure and interpretation of any one.

- 6. Describe the methods of determining ABO blood grouping.
- 7. Discuss the procedure and indications of CSF examination. List the lab findings of CSF in Pyogenic meningitis.
- 8. What is Autoimmunity? Classify Autoimmune disorders and give examples.
- 9. Define Neoplasia. Explain Grading and staging of cancers.
- 10. What is infarction? Explain the types of infarction

OR

Define shock. List the types of shock and give examples.

- 11. List the differences between Transudate and Exudate.
- 12. What is Edema? List the causes of Edema.

#### SHORT ANSWER (Question No 15 & 20 choice)

 $10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ Marks}$ 

- 13. What is Reticulocyte count? Write the normal range of reticulocyte count in adults.
- 14. Draw a representative diagram of an Eosinophil.

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15. What is Hematocrit? Write its normal range.

#### OB

Mention the types of Crossmatching.

- 16. Name three Non-bile stained ova.
- 17. What is a vacutainer? Give two advantages of blood collection using vaccutainers.
- 18. Define Necrosis.
- 19. List any three types of Emboli.
- 20. What is Cell injury? Mention types of cell injury.

#### OR

What are the components of Virchow's triad?

- 21. Mention the laboratory tests done for diagnosis of SLE.
- 22. Mention the types of pathological calcification and give examples.

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