Reg. No.

## KARNATAKA STATE DIPLOMA IN NURSING EXAMINATION BOARD GNM ANNUAL EXAMINATION AUGUST-2017 3<sup>rd</sup> Year Paper – II Paediatric Nursing

	e : 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.	Max. Marks: 75
	SECTION-I	1 x 4 = 4
	Give the meaning for the following	1.
<sup>6</sup> тт, к	a) New Born b) Weaning c) Neonatal Jaundice d) Hernia Fill in the blanks	1 x 4 = 4
	<ul> <li>a) Shape of the Anterior Fontanelle is <u>DIAMOND</u></li> <li>b) Inflammation of the middle ear is known as <u>OTITIS MEDIA</u></li> <li>c) Deficiency of Vitamin 'A' causes <u>XEROPHTHALMIA</u></li> <li>d) Route of DPT vaccine is <u>INTRA MUSCULAR</u></li> </ul>	e 17
I.	Write short notes on any THREE of the following a) Advantages of Breast feeding b) Immunization schedule c) Principles of Growth and Development	4 x 3 = 12
	d) Oxygen Administration	
	a) Define Hydrocephalus	2 + 3 + 4 = 9
	b) Write the causes and signs and symptoms of Hydrocephalus c) Write the Nursing Management of child with Hydrocephalus	
. А	a) Define Intestinal Obstruction b) Write the causes and signs and symptoms of Intestinal Obstruction	2 + 3 + 4 = 9
	c) Write the Management of child with Intestinal Obstruction <u>SECTION – II</u>	
VI.	Choose the correct answer and write from the following	$1 \times 3 = 3$
	a) Ophisthotonus position is seen in	1 x 3 - 3
	b) Bluish discolouration of the skin is known as	
	<ul><li>(i) <u>Cyanosis</u> (ii) Erythema Toxicum (iii) Acrocynosis</li><li>c) Mental Retardation is suspected in children by</li></ul>	
	(i) Poor feeding (ii) <b>Delayed Milestone</b> (iii) Normal Milestone	
VII.	State the following statements are TRUE or FALSE a) Worm infestation can lead to Anaemia in children <u>TRUE</u> b) Hemophilia is a bleeding disorder <u>TRUE</u>	1 x 4 = 4
-	<ul> <li>c) Blepheritis is a disease associated with Throat condition <u>FALSE</u></li> <li>d) Head circumference of New Born is 31-32 cm. <u>FALSE</u></li> </ul>	
<b>7111</b> .	Write short notes on any THREE of the following         a) Preventive measures of Dengue	4 x 3 = 12
	b) Importance of Play c) Nursing Management of a child with Urinary Tract Infection d) Neonatal Convulsion	
х.	<ul> <li>Answer the Following</li> <li>a) Define Nephrotic Syndrome</li> <li>b) Write the causes, signs and symptoms of Nephrotic Syndrome</li> <li>c) Explain the Treatment and Management of Nephrotic Syndrome</li> </ul>	2 + 3 + 4 = 9
	Answer the Following a) What is Burns? b) Write the causes of Burns c) Discuss in detail the Nursing Management of a child with Burns	2 + 3 + 4 = 9
	a) Define Pneumonia	

Reg. No.

## KARNATAKA STATE DIPLOMA IN NURSING EXAMINATION BOARD GNM ANNUAL EXAMINATION - August 2016

dell'

3rd Year Paper - II Paediatric Nursing

1		3""	Year Paper – I	II Paediatric Nursin	g	
im	e: 3 hours					Max. Marks: 75
١.	Write the Mea	ning for the Follow	ing:	TION-I		
	a. Club Foot	b. Anthropo	metry	c. Lanugo		$1 \times 4 = 4$
п.	Fill in the Blank	S:		2	d. Enu	resis .
		BCG vaccination i	1.3			$1 \times 4 = 4$
	D. Child is able	to hold head at	2	othe		
	c. the narrowin	g part of aorta is r	alled ar			
	a. onionical co	u nas	_ vein and	1arteries		
ш.	Write short not	es on any Four of t	the following	:		
	a. Role of paed	atric nurse in child	cara ha	veonatal resuscitat	ta	4 x 4 = 16
	Energing cha	llenges in paediate	ic nurring		ion 's reaction to l	orpitalization
1	e. Nursing care	of child with failur	e to thrive		stedention to r	respitalization
IV.	a. Define Tetro	ogy of Fallot				1.1.4.7
	b. List the clinic	al manifestations o	of Tetrology o	f Fallot		1 + 2 + 4 = 7
	c. Explain the n	ursing managemen Or	nt of child wit	h Tetrology of Fallo	t	
	a. Define Pulm					
	b. List the clinic	al manifestations o	of pulmonary	stenosis		
	c. Explain the n	ursing managemen	it of a child wi	ith pulmonary sten	osis	
v.	a. Define Ceret					1 + 6 = 7
	b. List the caus	es and clinical mani				
M	Channell		SECTIO	<u> </u>		
VI.		rect answer from th	ne following:			1 x 3 = 3
	a. Squint or cro i. Opaci	ss eye is known as ty ii. Glaucoma		ataract in Strahl		1
		racture is more con		ataract iv. Strabi	smus	
				aralysed child iv	. Child with rhe	eumatoid arthritis
	c. Which one o i. Purpu	f these is hereditary	y disorder alassaemia	iii. Cardiac failur	e iv	. Whooping cough
	i. Fuipu		11333611118			. Whooping cough
VII.	State whether	the following stater	ments are Tru	e or False:		$1 \times 4 = 4$
	a Large head is	also known as mic	rocephaly.			
	b. Spinabifida i	s one of the most u	ncommon and	omalies of children.	•	
	c. Lumbar punc	ture procedure is u	sed to diagno	se the meningitis.	it.	
	d. Retrolental f	broplasia are also l	known as reu	nopatily of premat	unity.	
			ho following:			4 x 4 = 16
VIII.	Write short not a. Diabetes Insi	es on any Four of t nidus b. Car	re of child in p	phototherapy		
	c. Respiratory d	istress syndrome	d. Manager	ment of a child with	h communicat	ion disorder
	e. Prevention o	home accident in	toddlers			
IX.	a. Define Rheur	natoid arthritis				1 + 2 + 4 = 7
	b. List the cause	s and clinical mani	festations of	rheumatoid arthri	tis britis	
	c. Explain the n	irsing managemen	t of a child W	ini meumatoiu art	~	4 . 7 . 4 7
х.	a. Define Apper	dicitis	1			1 + 2 + 4 = 7
	b. List the clinic	al manifestations o e and post operati	ve care of a c	s hild with appendic	citis	
	c. Explain the pl	e and post operati	\$\$\$	\$\$\$\$\$		

				Reg. No.	
	KARNA			NG EXAMINATION	BOARD
	e: 3 hours	5 fear	Paper – II Paedia	tric Nursing	
	15 C		SECTION-I	Ma	ix, Marks:75
	a) Infant	aning of the fo b) Adolescent	c) Vernix Cased	sa d) Premature B	1x4=4
	a) The Anteric	r Fontanelle oth	nerwise known as		
:	a) Vomiting in c) Physiologica	children and its	HREE of the follow managements	4 hours of birth wing b) Under Five Clir d) Care of a child	4x3=12 in incubator
	<ul> <li>A) Define Hydro</li> <li>b) List the caus</li> <li>c) Discuss the r</li> </ul>	ocephalus. les and clinical r lole of a nurse i			1+4+4-0
V	<ul> <li>b) Enumerate t</li> </ul>	Failure.	s and symptoms of I ment of a child with		1+4+4=9
			SECTION - II	ti a se	•
v	<ul> <li>b) Stuttering rel</li> </ul>	istances other the nce abuse fers to disorder	han food is ii) Bulimia ii) Vision disorder	iii) Pica iii) Hearing (	1x3=3
	i) Vitamir		ii) Vitamin B <sub>12</sub>	iii) Vitamin [	)
VI	<ul> <li>a) Tetany is a er</li> <li>b) Hemophilia is</li> <li>c) Typhoid fever</li> </ul>	docrine disorde a bleeding disor is caused by Sa	<b>statements are T</b> er. rder. Ilmonella Typhi.		1x4=4
VII	<ul> <li>b) Nursing manag</li> </ul>	ement of a chil ement of a chil the collection of nfections and th	d with Convulsions. d with fracture. f Specimen in childı		4x3=12
<b>IX.</b>	a) Define Epilepsy. b) Explain the stag c) Discuss the man	es of Epilepsy.	hild with Epilepsy.		1+4+4=9
	a) Define Rheumat b) List the causes a c) Explain the medi	nd clinical man			1+4+4=9 tic fever.
l	a) Name the causat b) List the signs and c) Discuss the Medic	ive organism of symptoms and al and Nursing	d diagnostic measi	Tuberculosis.	
	U.				

l

Reg. No. KARNATAKA STATE DIPLOMA IN NURSING EXAMINATION BOARD GNM ANNUAL EXAMINATION - AUGUST 2014 3<sup>rd</sup> Year Paper – II Paediatric Nursing Time: 3 hours Max. Marks:75 SECTION-I Give the meaning of the following I. a) Warm chain b) Infant 1x4 = 4c) Intussusception d) Acrocyanosis Fill in the blanks II. a) The period from birth to 28 days of life is called \_\_\_\_\_ 1x4 = 4b) Child labour Act was initiated in the year \_\_\_\_\_ c) The weight of an infant doubles at the age of \_\_\_\_\_ d) \_\_\_\_\_\_ is the disease caused by deficiency of protein in the diet. Write short notes on any THREE of the following III. a) Physiological Jaundice 4x3 = 12b) Hypothermia in Neonates () Immunization schedule d) Prevention of Accidents among children. a) Define Pyloric Stenosis. IV. b) List the clinical manifestations and complications of Pyloric Stenosis. 1+4+5=10c) Discuss the pre and post operative care of a child, posted for the surgery of Pyloric Stenosis. OR a) Define Congenital Anomaly b) List the types of congenital Anomalies c) Discuss the role of a nurse in the care of a child with Cleft lip. ٧. a) Define low birth weight baby. 2+6=8b) Explain the nursing management of a low birth weight baby. SECTION - II VI. State whether the following statements of TRUE or FALSE 1x4=4a) Lateral Curvature of the spine is called as Lordosis b) Strabismus is also called as crossed eye appearance. c) Scurvy is the deficiency disease of vitamin 'B' d) Malaria is an Arthropode borne infection caused by plasmodium vivax. VII. Choose the correct answer and write. 1x3 = 3a) Oral polio vaccine is a type of i) Live Attenuated vaccine ii) killed vaccine iii) Toxoid b) Night blindness is caused by the deficiency of i) vitamin B ii) vitamin D iii) vitamin A c) The drug of choice for neonatal convulsion is i) Phenobarbitone ii) Valporate iii) Phenyltoin VIII. Write short notes on any THREE of the following . 4x3 = 12a) Management of child with HIV infection b) Convulsions in Neonates c) Management of urinary tract infection. d) Preventive measures of Dengue fever. e) Management of a child with Lukaemia 2+2+4=8 IX. a) Define Meningitis. b) List the causes, signs and symptoms of meningitis. c) Explain the Nursing management of a child with Meningitis. х. a) Define Appendicitis. 1+4+5=10b) List the causes, signs and symptoms of Appendicitis. c) Discuss the nurse's role in the pre and post operative care of the child, posted for Appendicectomy

\* \* \* \* \* \* \*

	Reg. No.	
	KARNATAKA STÄTE DIPLOMA IN NURSING EXAMINA FEBRUARY 2014 GNM SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMI 3 <sup>rd</sup> year Paper – II Paediatric Nursing	ATION BOARD INATION
ime:3	Shours	Max.Marks:75
	Give the meaning of the following a) Infantb) Herniac) Day care centres d) Mongolian spot	<b>1x5=5</b> s e) Hyperbilirubinemia
a t	Fill in the blanks a) Purulent discharge from the eyes of a new born is known as b) Child is able to hold head at months. c) is the failure of the Oesophagus to develop as a co	
~ ~ 3	Write short notes on any THREE of the following (a) Concept of preventive Paediatrics (b) Advantages of (c) Growth and development of a Toddler (c) Concept of preventive Paediatrics (c) Concept of preventive	<b>4x3=12</b> Breast Feeding
	a) Define Hypospadiasis. b) Explain the Surgical and nursing management of a child with H OR	2+6=8 lypospadiasis.
	<ul><li>a) Define Ventricular Septal defect.</li><li>b) List the clinical manifestations of VSD</li><li>c) Explain the Nursing management of a child with VSD.</li></ul>	2+2+4=8
T	<ul> <li>a) What is cleft lip and cleft palate?</li> <li>b) Write the signs and symptoms</li> <li>c) Explain the treatment and Nursing management of a child with</li> </ul>	<b>2+2+6=10</b> cleft lip and cleft palate.
VI.	SECTION – II State whether the following statements are TRUE or FALS	ie 1x3=3
VI. VII.	State whether the following statements are TRUE or FALS         a) Lumbar Puncture procedure is used to diagnose meningitis.         b) The onset of disease for Juvenile diabetes mellitus is before 5         c) Typhoid is caused by Salmonelia Typhi.         i) Mites       ii) Fungus         iii) Nites       iii) Fungus         iii) Nites       ii) DPT         iii) MMR       ii) DPT         iii) Staphylococcus       ii) Vibrio         iii) Clostrice	years of age. 1x4=4 dium Tetani
	State whether the following statements are TRUE or FALS         a) Lumbar Puncture procedure is used to diagnose meningitis.         b) The onset of disease for Juvenile diabetes mellitus is before 5         c) Typhoid is caused by Salmonelia Typhi.         i) Mites       ii) Fungus         iii) Nites       iii) Fungus         iii) Nites       ii) DPT         iii) MMR       ii) DPT         iii) Staphylococcus       ii) Vibrio         iii) Clostrice	years of age. 1x4=4
VII.	State whether the following statements are TRUE or FALS         a) Lumbar Puncture procedure is used to diagnose meningitis. 4         b) The onset of disease for Juvenile diabetes mellitus is before 5         c) Typhoid is caused by Salmonelia Typhi. (************************************	years of age. 1x4=4 dium Tetani I mile stones 4x3=12 ation in children t of a child with enteric fever
VII.	State whether the following statements are TRUE or FALS         a) Lumbar Puncture procedure is used to diagnose meningitis. 4         b) The onset of disease for Juvenile diabetes mellitus is before 5         c) Typhoid is caused by Salmonella Typhi.         (j) Mites       (j) Fungus         i) Mites       (j) Fungus         ii) MR       (j) DPT         ii) MR       (j) DPT         ii) MR       (j) DPT         ii) Staphylococcus       (j) Vibrio         ii) Delayed mile stones       (j) Poor feeding         j) Delayed mile stones       (j) Poor feeding         a) Oral re-hydration therapy.       -b) Common worm infest         c) Down's syndrome       (j) Nursing management         A 10 year old child is admitted with Haemophilia.       a) Define Haemophilia.         b) Evnlain the Medical and Nursing management.	years of age. 1x4=4 dium Tetani I mile stones 4x3=12 ration in children
VII.	State whether the following statements are TRUE or FALS         a) Lumbar Puncture procedure is used to diagnose meningitis. 4         b) The onset of disease for Juvenile diabetes mellitus is before 5         c) Typhoid is caused by Salmonelia Typhi. (************************************	years of age. $1 \times 4 = 4$ dium Tetani I mile stones $4 \times 3 = 12$ ration in children t of a child with enteric fever 2+8=10 2+3+5=10

Register No. 10DN9

## KARNATAKA STATE DIPLOMA IN NURSING EXAMINATION BOARD SEPTEMBER 2013 GNM ANNUAL EXAMINATION 3<sup>rd</sup> year Paper – II Paediatric Nursing

Tir	ne:3hours	Max. Marks:75
1.	Give the meaning of the following a) Apgar Score b), Hypoglycaemia c) Weaning d) Cleft I	1x4=4
11.	Fill in the blanks. a) A tiny white papillae seen on the riose and chin of the new born is b) Normal respiratory rate of a Newborn is c) Temper tantrums are common among d) In children, Tumors of the kidney is termed as	1x4=4
. m		4x3=12
IV.	<ul><li>b) List the characteristics of preterm baby.</li><li>c) Explain the nursing management of a preterm baby.</li></ul>	2+3+5=10
	OR a) Define patent ductus arteriosus. b) Write the clinical manifestations. c) Explain the treatment and nursing management of a child with patent ductus Arte	riosus.
v.	<ul> <li>a) Define Neonatal Hypoglycaemia.</li> <li>b) Explain the Medical and Nursing management of a Neonate with Hypoglycaemia.</li> </ul>	2+6=8
	SECTION - II	
VI.	<ul> <li>State whether the following statements are TRUE or FALSE</li> <li>a) Dysphonia is a disorder of Locomotion.</li> <li>b) Deficiency of Vitamin 'C' leads to goiter.</li> <li>c) Plantar flexion of the foot in which the toes are fixed lower than the heel is Talipes Calcaneus.</li> <li>d) Typhoid fever is caused by Salmonella Typhi.</li> </ul>	1x4=4
VII.		1x3=3
·VIII	<ul> <li>Write short notes on any <u>THREE</u> of the following</li> <li>a) Care of a child after Tonsillectomy.</li> <li>b) Care of a visually handicapped child.</li> <li>c) Protein energy malnutrition.</li> </ul>	4x3=12
	<ul> <li>a) Protein energy manadment infantile seborrheic dermatitis</li> <li>a) Nursing care of a child with infantile seborrheic dermatitis</li> <li>b) Juvenile Delinquency.</li> </ul>	
IX.	<ul><li>a) What is Chicken pox?</li><li>b) List the etiology and mode of transmission of chicken pox.</li><li>c) Explain the nursing management of a child with chicken pox.</li></ul>	2+2+6=10
x.	<ul> <li>a) What is Urinary tract infection?</li> <li>b) List the causes.</li> <li>c) Explain the management and parental advice in the care and prevention of Urinary tract infection in children</li> </ul>	1+1+6=8
		•

		KARNATAKA CTATE	Register No			6433
1	6	KARNATAKA STATE D JUNE-2013 G 3rd Yea	IPLOMA IN NURSI	NG EXAMINATION		3
1		3 <sup>rd</sup> Yea	IPLOMA IN NURSI NM SUPPLEMENTA Paper'- II Paedia	RY EXAMINATION BO	ARD	S.
	Time:	3 Hours	SECTION -	tric Nursing		
	1.	a) Bluish discolouration of hand i) Acrocyanosis			Max. Marks:75	
		b) Fine soft hair present in the	li) Cyanosis Baby	ili) Erythema Toxicum	1×4=4	
		c) Facial palsy is known as i) Bell's Palsy	ii) Vernix caseosa	iii) Milia		
		<ul> <li>d) Measles vaccine given at the</li> <li>i) 12 months</li> </ul>	II) Erb's plasy month of	iii) Klumpke's palsy		
	II.	Fill in the blanks	ll) 9 months	ili) 6 months.		
		<ul> <li>a) Convulsion during fever is to</li> <li>b) Weight of normal new born</li> <li>c) is an one</li> </ul>	10		1x4=4	
		<ul> <li>c) is an oper</li> <li>d) is a failure</li> </ul>	of the person the ventricular	septum		
	111.	d) is an oper is a failure Write: short notes on any T a) Concept of preventive paed		develop as a continuous	canal.	
	IV.	a) Concept of preventive paed	iatric. b) Cc	<b>ng</b> Immon Health problems in d-day meal programme		
		<ul> <li>b) List the types of clubfoot.</li> <li>c) Explain the management of</li> <li>a) Define Reflexes</li> </ul>			2+2+6=10	
		a) Define Reflexes.	OR	om clubfoot and the parer	it education.	
		b) Explain the reflexes of a ne	w born in detail.		2+8=10	
	v.	a) What is child welfare servic b) Explain about Balwadi and	- 7		2+6=8	
-	VI.		SECTION - TT			
	VI.	State whether the followi a) Telescoping of one portion b) Mantoux test is done in typ c) Sickle shape cells assume t	boid fores	RUE or FALSE her portion is intussuscept	1x3=3 ion.	
		Diffe entiate between thea)Amenorrhoeab)Hypospadias	<b>following</b> d Dysmenorrh d Epispadias		2x2=4	
•	ŶĦIJ	<ul> <li>Write short notes on any T         <ul> <li>a) Care of child with poliomye</li> <li>b) Nursing care of child with fa</li> <li>c) Preventive measure of Word</li> <li>d) Indications for formula feed</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	litis and preventive me ailure to thrive. Infestation.	easures	4x3 <u>=12</u>	• 5-
	IX.	e) Treatment and Nursing mar	nagement of a Deaf ch	nild.		
	17.	a) Define Pneumonia. b) List the Classification of Pne c) Explain the Medical and Nur	eumonia. sing management of a	a child with Pneumonia	2+2+4=8	۰,
	х.	Child Anitha 13 yrs admitted w a) Define Appendicitis.	ith the complaint of r	ecurrent abdominal pain.		
		b) Explain the pre and post op	erative management OR	of a child admitted for a	opendicectomy	
		<ul> <li>a) Define Glomerulo Nephritis.</li> <li>b) Write in detail about etiolog</li> <li>c) Explain the Nursing and mediate</li> </ul>	v and clinical feature	glomerulo Nephritis.	2+3+5=10	

		3 <sup>rd</sup> year l	- 2012 Silvi Bor Paper – II Paedia	atric Nursing		71	10111
· Tir	ne: 3Hours		SECTION -I	2nd fe	l – Max. Ma	rks:75	Mon
Ï.	. 0	- 6 the follo				1x5=5	
	Give the meaning a) Meningocoele	or the lond	b) Hypospadias	c) Lo	eukaemia		
	d) Atrial Septal defe	ct	e) Extrophy of bl	adder		•	· · ·
II.	THE INCLUSION IN THE			- *		1x3=3	-
N.	Fill in the blanks a) Whooping cough	is caused by			-		
	<ul> <li>b) Decreased calcium</li> </ul>	n in the bloc	od causes				
	c) Inflammation of r	niddle ear is	known as	<b>:</b>			
III.	Write short notes	on any TH	REE of the follov	ving		4x3=12	
	a) Trends in paediat	ric Nursing.	•	-			
	b) Guidance to pare					,	
	<ul> <li>c) Care of a child wi</li> <li>d) Welfare of deling</li> </ul>			19. 20. – 19. – 19. – 19. – 19. – 19. – 19. – 19. – 19. – 19. – 19. – 19. – 19. – 19. – 19. – 19. – 19. – 19. – 19			
		dent and de	succe emarcin			0.0-10	· .
IV.		ever?			24	2+6=10	
	<ul><li>b) List the types of l</li><li>c) Briefly explain the</li></ul>	Dengue feve	r. A Nursing Managor	ment of a child	l with Dengue fe	ver.	
•	C) Briefly explain the		a Nursing Manage				
V.	a) What is cleft lip a	nd cleft pala	ite?	- · · · · ·	0	1+7=8	
	<ul> <li>b) Explain surgical t</li> </ul>	reatment an	d Nursing manage	ment of a child	d with		
	. cleft lip and cleft	palate.		· · ·	• n - sister ha	k	
÷			SECTION -I	r in i	• 		
- VI.	Choose the correc	t answer a	and write			1x3=3	
- <b>U</b> .	a) Normal Head circ	umference of	of new born is			•	
:	i) 31-33cms		ii) 33-35cms	iii) 35-40c	cms		
	b) Chicken pox is ca	used by	ii) Myxovirus	iii) Itch m	ite .		
	i) Varicella Zo c) Commonest caus	e of abdomi	nal pain in children	n is	•		
~ •	i) Dysentry		ii) Worm colic	iii) Appen	dicitis		
			statements are	TRUE or FAI	SE	· 1x4=4	
VII:							
		the most tro					
		itrostmont t	or intrattenile un	Jyyurrocuraaa	on.		
	<ul><li>c) Phototherapy is a</li><li>d) Pleural effusion is</li></ul>	s the collecti	on of fluid in pieu	rai space.			
	. Write short notes	on any TH	REE of the follo	wing		4x3=1	.2
VIII	a) Ascariasis.	on any m					
e serences		Hospitalizat	ion.	(1) (IT) ( infort	ion		•
	i is diant and Mure	ing manade	ement of a child w	ith HIV mect	.011.	·	•
	d) Management of a	a child with	Rheumatic level.				
		2	•		а –	1+2+7	=10
IX.	a) What is diarrhoea b) List the causes ar	: d clinical fe	atures of diarrho	ea.			
	<ul><li>b) List the causes ar</li><li>c) Write the complic</li></ul>	ations and N	Nursing managem	nent of a child	with diatrnoea	·	
	c) write the compare		•			1+2+5	5=8
х.	a) Define Osteomyel	itis.	C O sha amu cilitic	9			
	<ul><li>a) Define Osceonyca</li><li>b) List the signs and</li><li>c) Explain the Nursir</li></ul>	symptoms	of Osteomyelius.	ffering from C	Osteomyelitis.	• •	
	c) Explain the Nursir	ig managen	nent of a crind so	incluing them.			Constant of
	645. STR	🕅 î 🤤 în 👘	KSDN	30			and the second
1	en sanger pulles a						
	•••••	37.8		•			
						· .	

-1		IF yr no
Ĩ	De Yn Can MRegister No DN	
	KARNATAKA STATE DIPLOMA IN NURSING EXAMINATION BOARD AUGUST- 2011 GNM EXAMINATION	
G Te	3 <sup>rd</sup> year Paper – Il Paediatric Nursing	Marks:75
L	Give the meaning of the followinga) Wilm's tumour.b) Hypoglycemia.c) Anthropometry.d) Impetigo.e) Otitismedia.	1x5=5
11.	<ul> <li>Fill in the blanks</li> <li>a) Average weight gain of an infant after 6 months of life is</li> <li>b) The total lung capacity in a new born is</li> <li>c) Failure of testes to descend in the scrotum is known as</li> </ul>	1x3=3
u.	<ul> <li>Write short notes on any THREE of the following</li> <li>a) Mid-day meal programme.</li> <li>b) Care of a child in incubator.</li> <li>c) Immunization schedule.</li> <li>d) Restraints.</li> <li>e) Role of paediatric Nurse in Child care.</li> </ul>	4x3=12
Ċ	<ul><li>a) Define Preterm Baby.</li><li>b) Write the causes and characteristics of premature baby.</li><li>c) Explain the Nursing care of a premature baby.</li></ul>	1+4+5=10
V.	<ul> <li>a) Define Hydrocephalus.</li> <li>b) Explain the pre and post operative management of a child with Hydroceph</li> </ul>	2+6=8 nalus.
	SECTION - II	
VL	<ul> <li>Choose the correct answer</li> <li>a) The normal chest circumference in the new born is <ul> <li>i) 30 to 35cms</li> <li>ii) 40 to 45cms</li> <li>iii) 25 to 30cms</li> </ul> </li> <li>b) Child survival and safe motherhood programme was introduced by <ul> <li>i) National Neonetalogy</li> <li>ii) Ministry of Health forum</li> <li>iii) Indian academy of P</li> <li>c) Ortolani test is used to identify</li> <li>i) Congenital Spine Deformities</li> <li>ii) Congenital dislocation of hip</li> <li>iii) Rick</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
VII.	Differentiate betweena) BurnsandScaldsb) MeningoceleandMeningomycelocelec) LordosisandKyphosisd) LeukemiaandHaemophilia	1x4=4
VIII.	<ul> <li>Write short notes on any THREE of the following</li> <li>a) Protein energy Malnutrition.</li> <li>b) Management of a child with communication disorder.</li> <li>c) Thalassemia.</li> <li>d) Down syndrome.</li> </ul>	4x3=12
IX.	<ul><li>a) Define Burns.</li><li>b) Explain the nursing Management of a child with second degree of Burns.</li></ul>	2+8=10
X.	<ul><li>a) Define Jonsillitis.</li><li>b) Explain the pre and post operative Nursing Management of child with To</li></ul>	2+6=8
	KSDNEB	COLIBRARY LE
	IJUNLU	ACC. No. 45 ACC. 10 ACC. 10 AC

		IF yr no-
1	The man Can Macgister No	DN
	KARNATAKA STATE DIPLOMA IN NURSING EXAMINATION AUGUST- 2011 GNM EXAMINATION 3 <sup>rd</sup> year Paper – II Paediatric Nursing	BOARD
	The SHours SECTION -I	Max. Marks:75
I.	Give the meaning of the following a) Wilm's tumour. b) Hypoglycemia. c) Anthr d) Impetigo. e) Otitismedia.	1x5=5 opometry.
11.	Fill in the blanks a) Average weight gain of an infant after 6 months of life is b) The total lung capacity in a new born is c) Failure of testes to descend in the scrotum is known as	<u>_</u> .
III.	<ul> <li>Write short notes on any THREE of the following</li> <li>a) Mid-day meal programme.</li> <li>b) Care of a child in incubator.</li> <li>c) Immunization schedule.</li> <li>d) Restraints.</li> <li>e) Role of paediatric Nurse in Child care.</li> </ul>	4x3=12
	<ul><li>a) Define Preterm Baby.</li><li>b) Write the causes and characteristics of premature baby.</li><li>c) Explain the Nursing care of a premature baby.</li></ul>	1+4+5=10
V.	a) Define Hydrocephalus. b) Explain the pre and post operative management of a child v	2+6=8 with Hydrocephalus.
	SECTION - II	
VI.	<ul> <li>Choose the correct answer</li> <li>a) The normal chest circumference in the new born is <ul> <li>i) 30 to 35cms</li> <li>ii) 40 to 45cms</li> <li>iii) 25 to 30c</li> </ul> </li> <li>b) Child survival and safe motherhood programme was introdu <ul> <li>i) National Neonetalogy</li> <li>ii) Ministry of Health forum</li> <li>iii) Indian</li> <li>c) Ortolani test is used to identify</li> <li>i) Congenital Spine Deformities</li> <li>ii) Congenital dislocation of</li> </ul></li></ul>	academy of Paediatrics
VII.	Differentiate between a) Burps and Scalds	1x4=4
	a) Burns and Scalds b) Meningocele and Meningomycelocele c) Lordosis and Kyphosis d) Leukemia and Haemophilia	
VIII.	<ul> <li>Write short notes on any THREE of the following</li> <li>a) Protein energy Malnutrition.</li> <li>b) Management of a child with communication disorder.</li> <li>c) Thalassemia.</li> <li>d) Down syndrome.</li> </ul>	4x3=12
IX.	a) Define Burns. b) Explain the nursing Management of a child with second de	2+8=10 egree of Burns.
X.	a) Define Jonsillitis. b) Explain the pre and post operative Nursing Management o	2+6=8 of child with Tonsillitis.
	KSDNEB	ACC. No. ACC. No. ACC. No. Dato ACC. NO. ACC. ACC. ACC. ACC. ACC. ACC. ACC. ACC. ACC. ACC. ACC. ACC. ACC.

	Yangert da	IF W DO
100	DE YN CANNRegister NO DN	
Num Tim	KARNATAKA STATE DIPLOMA IN NURSING EXAMINATION BOAF AUGUST- 2011 GNM EXAMINATION 3 <sup>rd</sup> year Paper – II Paediatric Nursing SECTION -1	RD Max. Marks:75
I.	Give the meaning of the following	1x5=5
	a) Wilm's tumour. ' b) Hypoglycemia. c) Anthropome d) Impetigo, e) Otitismedia.	
11.	Fill in the blanks a) Average weight gain of an infant after 6 months of life is b) The total lung capacity in a new born is c) Failure of testes to descend in the scrotum is known as	1x3=3
ш.	Write short notes on any THREE of the following a) Mid-day meal programme. b) Care of a child in incubator.	4x3=12
,	<ul> <li>c) Immunization schedule.</li> <li>d) Restraints.</li> <li>e) Role of paediatric Nurse in Child care.</li> </ul>	
<b>%</b>	a) Define Preterm Baby. b) Write the causes and characteristics of premature baby. c) Explain the Nursing care of a premature baby.	1+4+5=10
V.	a) Define Hydrocephalus. b) Explain the pre and post operative management of a child with Hy	2+6=8 drocephalus.
	SECTION - II	
VI.	<ul> <li>Choose the correct answer</li> <li>a) The normal chest circumference in the new born is <ul> <li>i) 30 to 35cms</li> <li>ii) 40 to 45cms</li> <li>iii) 25 to 30cms</li> </ul> </li> <li>b) Child survival and safe motherhood programme was introduced by <ul> <li>i) National Neonetalogy</li> <li>ii) Ministry of Health forum</li> <li>iii) Indian acader</li> <li>c) Ortolani test is used to identify</li> <li>i) Congenital Spine Deformities</li> <li>ii) Congenital dislocation of hip</li> </ul></li></ul>	
VII.	Differentiate betweena) BurnsandScaldsb) MeningoceleandMeningomycelocelec) LordosisandKyphosisd) LeukemiaandHaemophilia	1x4=4
VIII.	<ul> <li>Write short notes on any THREE of the following</li> <li>a) Protein energy Malnutrition.</li> <li>b) Management of a child with communication disorder.</li> <li>c) Thalassemia.</li> <li>d) Down syndrome.</li> </ul>	4x3=12
IX.	<ul><li>a) Define Burns.</li><li>b) Explain the nursing Management of a child with second degree of</li></ul>	2+8=10 Burns.
Х.	a) Define Jonsillitis. b) Explain the pre and post operative Nursing Management of child	2+6=8 with Tonsillitis.
	KCONED	LIBRADY
	KSDNEB	ACC. No
		* Coto 55

	KARNATAKA STATE DIPLOMA IN NURSING EXAMINATION BOAN AUGUST -2010 GNM EXAMINATION	RD
		AAX.MARKS:75
	Section-I	1x5=5
I.	Give the meaning of the following.	120-0
	a) Mid-day meal programme b) Hernia c) Clubfoot d) Gynaecomastia e) Hyperglycaemia.	
11.		1x3=3
	<ul> <li>a) Normal Apgar Score of a new born is</li> <li>b) Startle reflex can be elicited by</li> <li>c) The comfortable position for a four year old child with cyanotic spell is</li> </ul>	
		4 x3=12
111	a) Day care centres.	4 80-12
1	<ul> <li>b) Care of the child with Marasmus.</li> <li>c) Concept of preventive paediatrics.</li> </ul>	
	d) Care of child with hydrocephalus.	
	e) Growth and Development during infancy.	1+1+8=10
۳ IV.	b) what is congenital flear disease?	
	<ul><li>b) Write the types.</li><li>c) Explain the clinical manifestation and management of a child with patent ductor</li></ul>	us Arteriosus.
v.		2+6=8
•.	<ul><li>a) Define low birth weight baby.</li><li>b) Explain the management of low birth weight baby.</li><li>OR</li></ul>	1+2+5=8
	Baby Niranjan is admitted for Hypospadiasis.	,
	<ul> <li>a) Define Hypospadiasis.</li> <li>b) Write the signs and Symptoms of Hypospadiasis.</li> <li>c) Explain the Surgical and Nursing managment of a child with Hypospadiasis.</li> </ul>	
	Section-II	1x4=4
VI.	State whether the following statements are True or False. a) Immunization is contraindicated if the child has febrile condition.	14-4
	<ul> <li>b) Oral thrush is caused by candida albicans.</li> <li>c) B.C.G.Vaccine is administered to prevent chicken pox.</li> </ul>	
	d) Plantar flexion of the foot in which the toes are fixed lower than the need to take of	s calcaneus. 1x3=3
VII.	Choose the correct answer and write.	disease?.
	i) Diarrhoea ii) Projectile Vomiting. III) Reguigitation of leed 10,100 stress	
		virus. mother to.
	c) While administering oral liquid from supplement to a child the White include the	altime.
	iii) Add Iron to formula for easy administration	4x3=12
VIII.	Write short notes on Any Three of the following.	420-12
	<ul><li>a) Prevention of Home accident in Toddler's.</li><li>b) Use of Play as Nursing Intervention.</li></ul>	
	c) Respiratory distress syndrome.	
	d) Oral Rehydration therapy.	
Χ.	a) What is Bronchial Asthma?	1+2+5=8
Λ,	the second time factor and clinical features	vith
	<ul> <li>b) List the causetive factor and clinical features.</li> <li>c) Write in detail the medical and Nursing management of a Eight year old child v bronchial Asthma.</li> </ul>	100
,	a) What is Poliomyelitis?	1+4+5=10
۲.	b) Write the causes and signs and Symptoms.	/S/LIBR
	c) Explain the Preventive measures and management of a child with Polio atta	ack.
	ය ය ය ය ය ය ය ය	X Date

H+5=10 LIEGE OF A

٩

KARNATAKA STATE DIPLOMA IN NURSING EXAMINAITON BOARD, BANGALORE February 2009 GNM Examinaiton **NEW SYLLABUS** III rd Year paper - II Paediatric Nursing Time : 3 Hrs. Max. Marks :75 SECTION - I Give the meaning of the following 1 X 5 = 5a) Otitismedia b) Oral Thrush c) Hydrocephalus d) Cleft palate e) Anganawadi 11, Write whether the following statements are True or False 1 X 5 = 5a) Child labour is punishable b) Juvenile deliquency is an Anti social behaviour c) Excessive drooling may be found in case of Oesophageal atresia d) In Cyanotic heart diseases, the Oxygenated blood enters the systemic circulation e) Lack of Ascorbic acid affects the bone formation. Write Short notes on any THREE of the following -₩.  $5 \times 3 = 15$ a) Immunization schedule b) Prevention of home accidents to toddlers and guidance to parents c) Importance of Sex education to an Adolescent d) Nursing management of low birth weight baby Į٧. a) What is Cerebral Palsy? 1 + 5 = 6b) Write the signs and symptoms and Nursing Managements ٧. 2 + 5 = 7a) List the developmental abnormalities of extremities in a child b) Explain the treatment and Management of a child with congenital clubfoot **SECTION - II** 1 X 3 = 3VI. Choose the correct answer and write a) Chicken pox is caused by i) Herpes Virus Varicella iii) Bordetella Pertusis ii) Paramyxovirus b) The normal chest circumference in a new born is iii) 25 to 30 Cms i) 30 to 35 Cms ii) 40 to 45 Cms c) Tetanus Neonatorum is caused by ii) Clostridium Tetani iii) Staphylococcus i) Corynebacterium 5 X 2 = 10 VII. Write short notes on any TWO a) Management of Infantile Seborrheic dermatitis b) Broncho Pneumonia and its management c) Prevention of Ascariasis in a 5 year old child A new born baby is admitted with history of imperforate anus 1 + 5 = 6V411. a) Define colostomy b) Explain the types of colostomy and Nursing management. 1 + 4 + 5 = 10a) Define Juvenile Diabetes IX. b) Write the causes and clinical manifestation c) Explain the treatment and Nursing management for Juvenile Diabetes A child of 6 years is admitted for Diphtheria 1 + 3 + 4 = 8Χ. a) List the types b) Write the signs and symptoms LIBRAR c) Explain the preventive measures and treatment ACC. No.

## Karnataka State Diploma in Nursing Examination Board August 2008 GNM Examination NEW SYLLABUS

	IIIrd Year Paper-II Paediatric Nursing	
ΓIME	"3 Hours "SECTION - I"	Max.Marks : 75
	a) Purulent discharge from the eyes of new born is known as b) Baby attains the social smile by the age of c) First permanent tooth will erupt at the age of d) According to W.H.O. the normal birth weight of the baby is	
11,	State whether the following are True or False a) The "Growth curve" helps us to detect the early onset of growth b) Deficiency of vit 'C' causes Rickets c) Conger. (a) cataract is often bilateral d) Hemophilia is a x-linked genetic disease where in girls suffer with b disorders and boys are the carriers of defective genes	
III.	<ul> <li>Write short notes on any FOUR of the following</li> <li>a) Care of a child with cerebral palsy</li> <li>b) Medical and nursing management of a baby with spinabifida</li> <li>c) Trends in paediatric nursing</li> <li>d) Play as a nursing intervention for children</li> <li>e) Mid-day meal programme</li> </ul>	3 x 4 - 12 1+2+5 = 8
•	a) Define pre-term baby b) Explain the common health problems of pre term babies c) Write the nursing management of a premature baby	1+1+2+6=10
ν.	a) What is congenital heart disease ? b) List the causes c) Write the classification d) Explain the medical and nursing management of tetrology of fallo <u>"SECTION - II"</u>	t 1 x 4 = 4
VI.	Fill in the blanks with suitable words         a) Decreased calcium in the blood causes         b) Whooping cough is caused by         c) An example for invasive method of O2 administration is         d) operation is performed in children with projectile vo         Choose the correct answer         a) Collection of pus in the pleural cavity is said as         i) Broncho Pneumonia ii) Empyema iii) Emphysema         b) Inflammation of the middle ear is known as         i) Mastitis ii) Mastoiditis iii) Otitismedia         c) Causetive organism for scabies is         i) Itchmite ii) Aedes Egypti iii) Lice	
	<ul> <li>Write short notes on any THREE of the following</li> <li>a) Care of mentally retarded child</li> <li>b) Post operative care of a baby for imperforated anus</li> <li>c) Nursing management of a child with cleftlip and cleftpalate</li> <li>d) Poliomyelitis and its prevention</li> <li>Master Raju 7 Years is diagnosed as Meningitis</li> <li>a) Define Meningitis</li> <li>b) List the causes</li> <li>c) Write the clinical features</li> <li>d) Write the medical and nursing management of Mr.Raju</li> </ul>	1+1+2+6=10 1+2+5=8
,	a) What is Diarrhoea ? b) List the causes and clinical features c) Write the complications and nursing management of a child c) Write the complications and nursing management of a child	