

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. Derive the expression for, (i) $\Delta - Y$ transformation
 (ii) $Y - \Delta$ transformation (08 Marks)
- b. Find the current I_A in 28Ω resistance by mesh analysis for Fig. Q1 (b).

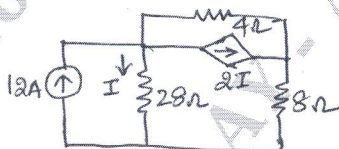


Fig. Q1 (b) (08 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Use nodal analysis to find the value of ' V_x ' in the circuit shown in Fig. Q2 (a), such that current through $(2 + j3)\Omega$ impedance is zero?

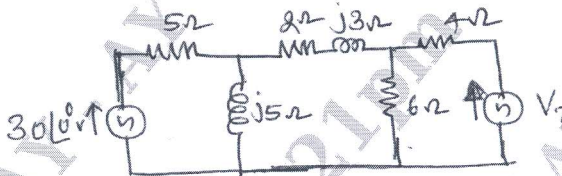


Fig. Q2 (a) (08 Marks)

- b. A series RLC circuit has $R = 2 \Omega$, $L = 2 \text{ H}$ and $C = 10 \mu\text{F}$. Calculate Q factor, bandwidth, the resonant frequency and half power frequencies. (08 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. State and explain maximum power transfer theorem when load impedance consisting of variable resistance and variable reactance? (08 Marks)
- b. For the network shown in Fig. Q3 (b), obtain Thevenin's equivalent circuit as seen from terminals p and q.

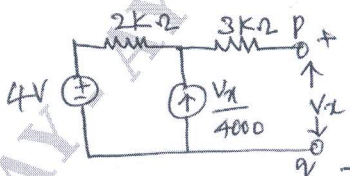


Fig. Q3 (b) (08 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Find the current I in the circuit using superposition theorem for Fig. Q4 (a).

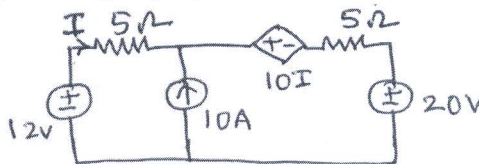


Fig. Q4 (a) (08 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

- b. Using Millman's theorem, find the current through $(2 + j3)\Omega$ impedance for Fig. Q4 (b).

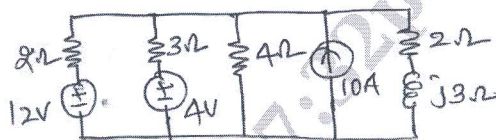


Fig. Q4 (b)

(08 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Show the behavior of R, L, C elements at the time of switching at $t = 0$ both at $t = 0^+$ and $t = \infty$. (08 Marks)
- b. In the circuit shown in Fig. Q5 (b) switch 'K' is moved from Position 1 to 2 at $t = 0$, steady state condition having reached before switching. Find i , $\frac{di}{dt}$ and $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$ at $t = 0^+$.

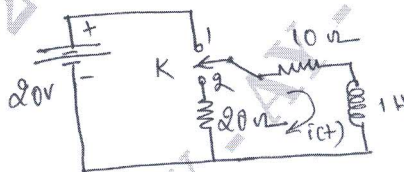


Fig. Q5 (b)

(08 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. In the circuit shown in Fig. Q6 (a) initially switch 'K' is kept open for long time. At $t = 0$ switch K is closed. Obtain expression for current in the circuit for $t > 0$. Find the value of current at $t = 0.25$ sec. What will be the current in the circuit in one time constant period? Determine the instant of time at which the current in the circuit reaches $1.2 A$?

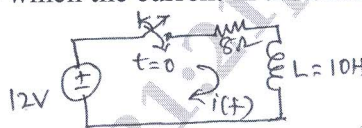


Fig. Q6 (a)

(08 Marks)

- b. In the circuit shown in Fig. Q6 (b) switch K is closed at $t = 0$, find the values of i_1 , i_2 , $\frac{di_1}{dt}$, $\frac{di_2}{dt}$, $\frac{d^2i_1}{dt^2}$ and $\frac{d^2i_2}{dt^2}$ at $t = 0^+$.

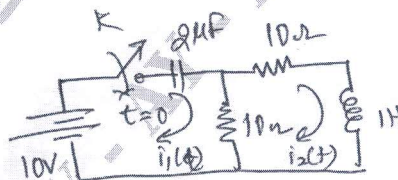


Fig. Q6 (b)

(08 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. State and explain initial value and final value theorems. (08 Marks)
- b. Find the Laplace transformation of function shown in Fig. Q7 (b).

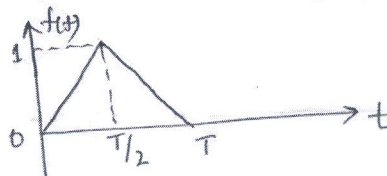


Fig. Q7 (b)

(08 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Find the inverse Laplace transform of the following functions :

(i) $\frac{s^2 + 5}{s(s^2 + 4s + 4)}$

(ii) $\frac{2s + 6}{s^2 + 6s + 25}$

(08 Marks)

- b. Using Laplace transformation, determine the current in the circuit shown in Fig. Q8 (b), when switch 'K' is closed at $t = 0$. Assume zero initial condition.

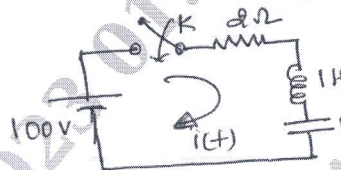


Fig. Q8 (b)

(08 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. An unbalanced 3-phase 4-wire star connected load, has balanced voltages of 208 V with ABC phase sequence. Calculate the line currents and the neutral current.

$$Z_A = 10\Omega ; Z_B = 15\angle 30^\circ\Omega, Z_C = 10\angle -30^\circ\Omega$$

(08 Marks)

- b. Define Z and Y parameters? Obtain hybrid parameters (h parameters) in terms of z-parameters.

(08 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Determine the Y-parameters of the networks shown in Fig. Q10 (a).

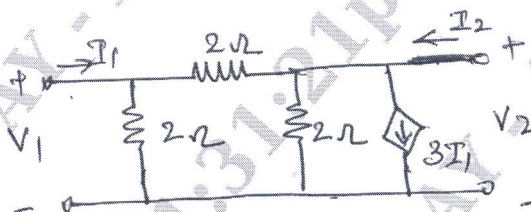


Fig. Q10 (a)

(08 Marks)

- b. What are poles and zero's? What are the properties of poles zero with pole-zero plot?

(08 Marks)
