



# CBCS SCHEME

BPHYS102/202

USN

First/Second Semester B.E./B.Tech. Degree Examination, June/July 2023

## Physics for CSE Stream

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

2. VTU Formula Hand Book is permitted.

3. M : Marks, L: Bloom's level, C: Course outcomes.

4. Constants : Speed of Light  $C = 3 \times 10^8$  m/s, Boltzmann const.  $K = 1.38 \times 10^{-23}$  J/K,  
Planck's const  $h = 6.625 \times 10^{-34}$  JS, Acceleration due to gravity  $g = 9.8$  m/s<sup>2</sup>,  
mass of electron  $m = 9.1 \times 10^{-31}$  Kg

Module - 1			M	L	C
Q.1	a.	Derive an expression for energy density in terms of Einstein's coefficients in Laser action.	10	L2	CO1
	b.	Explain types of optical fibers.	6	L2	CO1
	c.	The ratio of population inversion of two energy levels is $1.059 \times 10^{-30}$ . Find the wavelength of Light emitted by spontaneous emissions at 330K.	4	L3	CO1
OR					
Q.2	a.	Derive an expression for Numerical aperture in an optical fiber.	8	L2	CO1
	b.	Discuss construction and working of semiconductor diode Laser with energy level diagram.	8	L2	CO1
	c.	The angle of acceptance of an optical fiber is $30^\circ$ when kept in air. Find the angle of acceptance when it is in a medium of refractive index 1.33.	4	L3	CO1
Module - 2					
Q.3	a.	What is wave packet? Give physical significance and properties of wave function? Define group velocity.	8	L2	CO1
	b.	State and explain Heisenberg's uncertainty principle. Give its physical significance. Show that electron cannot exist inside the nucleus.	8	L2	CO2
	c.	A particle of mass $0.5$ meV/c <sup>2</sup> has kinetic energy 100eV. Find its de Broglie wavelength, where 'C' is the velocity of light.	4	L3	CO2
OR					
Q.4	a.	Derive an expression for Schrödinger's Time independent equation one dimensional form.	8	L2	CO2
	b.	Obtain the expression for energy eigen values using Schrodinger's time independent equation.	8	L2	CO2
	c.	In a measurement of position and velocity of an electron moving with a speed of $6 \times 10^5$ m/s, calculate highest accuracy with which its position could be determined, if the inherent error in the measurement of its velocity is 0.01% for the speed stated.	4	L3	CO2

Module – 3					
Q.5	a.	Explain single qubit gate and multiple qubit gate with example for each.	8	L2	CO2
	b.	Discuss CNOT gate and its operation on four different input states.	8	L2	CO2
	c.	Given $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ prove that $A^+ = A$ .	4	L3	CO2
OR					
Q.6	a.	Elucidate the differences between classical computing and Quantum computing.	8	L2	CO2
	b.	Discuss the working of phase gate mentioning its matrix representation and truth table.	8	L2	CO2
	c.	Find the inner product of states $ 1\rangle$ and $ 0\rangle$ and draw conclusion on the result.	4	L3	CO2
Module – 4					
Q.7	a.	Distinguish between Type – I and Type – II super conductors.	8	L2	CO3
	b.	Discuss the effect of temperature and impurity on electrical resistivity of conductors and hence explain for superconductors.	8	L2	CO3
	c.	In a diffraction grating experiment the laser light undergoes second order diffraction, if the distance between screen and grating is 20cm, and average distance of 2 <sup>nd</sup> order spot 2.7cm grating constant $1 \times 10^{-5}$ m, calculate the wavelength of laser light.	4	L3	CO5
OR					
Q.8	a.	Explain B.C.S theory of superconductivity.	7	L2	CO1
	b.	Define Fermi energy level. Discuss various energy states by the electrons at $T = 0$ K and $T > 0$ K on the basis of fermifactor.	8	L2	CO1
	c.	Calculate the acceptance angle and numerical aperture of given optical fiber having diameter of spot is 2.6cm and distance between screen and optical fiber 3.0cm.	5	L2	CO1
Module – 5					
Q.9	a.	Elucidate the importance of size and scale and weight and strength in animations.	8	L2	CO4
	b.	Discuss modeling probability of proton decay.	8	L2	CO4
	c.	The number of particles emitted per second by a random radioactive source has a Poisson's distribution with $\lambda = 4$ . Calculate the probability of $P(X = 0)$ and $P(X = 1)$	4	L3	CO4
OR					
Q.10	a.	Discuss timing in Linear motion, uniform motion, show in and flow out.	8	L2	CO4
	b.	Discuss salient features of Normal distribution using Bell curves.	8	L2	CO4
	c.	A slowing in object in an animation has a first frame distance 0.5m and first slow in frame 0.35m. Calculate the base distance and the number of frames in sequence.	4	L3	CO4