CBCS SCHEME

	18.0			-694	
USN					BCS301

Third Semester B.E./B.Tech. Degree Examination, Dec.2023/Jan.2024 **Mathematics for Computer Science**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

2. VTU Formula Hand Book is permitted.
3. M: Marks, L: Bloom's level, C: Course outcomes.
4. Mathematics hand book is permitted.

x 12 (8)				
	Module – 1	M	L	C
Q.1 a.	A Random variable X has the following probability function for variable	6	L2	CO1
	values of x. x 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	i Basa Z		
	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			
a)	(ii) Evaluate $P(x \ge 6)$ and $P(3 < x \le 6)$.).)0.	190
b.	Find the mean and variance of Binomial distribution.	7	L2	CO2
c.	In a certain town the duration of a shower is exponentially distributed with	7	L3	CO ₂
	mean 5 minutes. What is the probability that a shower will last for,			
	(i) 10 minutes or more. (ii) Less than 10 minutes.			
	(iii) Between 10 and 12 minutes.			la ge
	OR	-		10
Q.2 a.	A random variable x has the following density function	6	L2	CO1
×	$P(x) = \begin{cases} Kx^2 & -3 \le x \le 3 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$. Find the value of K.			
	Evaluate (i) $P(1 \le x \le 2)$ (ii) $P(x \le 2)$			
b.	In a factory producing blades, the probability of any blade being defective	7	L2	CO2
	is 0.002. If blades are supplied in packets of 10, using Poisson distribution			
	determine the number of packets containing,			
r.	(i) No defective. (ii) One defective			
	(iii) Two defective blades respectively in a consignment of 10,000	i i		
S	packets.			
c.	In a test on electric bulbs, it was found that the life time of a particular	7	L3	CO ₂
4.5	brand was distributed normally with an average life of 2000 hours and	-		
	standard deviation of 60 hours. If a firm purchases 2500 bulbs find the		2	
	number of bulbs that are likely to last for,	,		
	(i) More than 2100 hours.			
	(ii) Between 1900 to 2100 hours. (iii) Less than 1950 hours.			
	(iii) Less than 1950 hours. (Given $\phi(1.67) = 0.4525$, $\phi(0.83) = 0.2967$)			
	$(0.001 \ \psi(1.01) - 0.4323, \ \psi(0.03) - 0.2301)$		10 pc	

		Module – 2			
0.2		The joint probability distribution table for two random variable x and y is	6	L2	CO2
Q.3	a.	as follows:			
		as follows:			
			ter Trays	er sign/	
en en		X 1 0.1 0.2 0 0.3		12 PIE	
			2		2- 16.5
	20.0	2 0.2 0.1 0.1 0			
	1	Determine the marginal probability distribution of x and y. Obtain the			
		correlation coefficient between x and y.			
	b.	Find the unique fixed probability vector for the regular stochastic matrix	7	L2	CO ₃
	р.	That the anique fixed productive of the control of			
		0 1 0	7	7.7	(1,31
	,	1 1 1			
		$A = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \end{vmatrix}$			
		6 2 3			
		$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix}$			
	c.	Three boys A, B, C are throwing ball to each other. A always throws the	7	L3	CO3
		ball to B and B always throws the ball to C. C is just as likely to throw the			
		ball to B as to A. If C was the first person to throw the ball find the	., 80		
		probabilities that after three throws:			
		(i) A has the ball.			
		(ii) B has the ball.			
	-	(iii) C has the ball.			
W.					
		OR	6	L2	CO ₂
Q.4	a.	The joint probability distribution of two discrete random variables x and y		LIZ	COL
78 6		is given by $f(x, y) = k(2x+y)$ where x and y are integers. Such that	1	1	1 3 7
	1 0	$0 \le x \le 2, \ 0 \le y \le 3.$)) ·		
, a		(i) Find the value of the constant K.		20	
	1.	(ii) Find the marginal probability distribution of X and Y.			
		(iii) Show that the random variables X and Y are dependent.			
	-		7	L2	CO3
20 0.0	b.	Find the unique fixed probability vector for the matrix, $P = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.			
	0.				
		in 2 hunds of the nonular	7	L3	CO3
Late Colore	C.	Each year a man trades his car for a new car in 3 brands of the popular	1	LS	COS
	1	company. If he has a 'swift' he trades it for 'Dzire'. If he has a 'Dzire' he			
	1	trades it for a 'Wagnor'. If he has a 'Wagnor' he is just as likely to trade it			
		for a new 'Wagnor' or for a 'Dzire' or a 'Swift' one. In 2020 he bought his			
		first car which was 'Wagnor'. Find the probability that he has			
		(i) 2022 Wagnor.	1 4		
		(ii) 2022 Swift.			
		(iii) 2023 Dzire.			× 20 %
1 2	y	(iv) 2023 Wagnor.			of lea
		Module – 3	10.0		9
Q.5	a.	Explain the following terms:	6	L1	COS
Q.5	a.	Explain the following terms: (i) Statistical Hypothesis.	6	L1	COS
Q.5	a.	Explain the following terms:	6	L1	COS

1. 1. 1. 2. 2. 1.			1.000.41		. 11. 12.
	b.	In 324 throws of a six faced die an odd number turned up 181 times. Is it reasonable to think that the die is an unbiased one at 5% level of significance?	-7	L3	CO4
pg 8 25 5					
	c.	One type of aircraft is found to develop engine trouble in 5 flights out of a	7	L3	CO4
		total of 100 and another type in 7 flights out of a total 200 flights. Is there a			
,	1.7	significant difference in the two types of aircrafts so far as engine defects			
e de las	2				7 .
		are concerned? Test at 5% significance level.			roff.
13 %	1.44	OR	3 9 h		
Q.6	a.	Define:	6	L1	CO5
2.0		A STATE OF THE STA	. •		COS
			\$	ş	
	Mar.	(ii) Significance level.	m. N		
	1 2	(iii) Type I and II error.		2012	
	L	A sain was tagged 1000 fires and hard turns up 540 times. Test the	7	L3	CO4
	b.	A coin was tossed 1000 times and head turns up 540 times. Test the	1	L3	CU4
	73	hypothesis that the coin is unbiased at 1% level of significance.	100		
	c.	In an exit poll enquiry it was revealed that 600 voters in one locality and	7	L3	CO4
	C.		,	LIS	CO4
		400 voters from an other locality favoured 55% and 48% respectively a			
		particular party to come to power. Test the hypothesis that there is a		A. 1 22	age t
		difference in the locality in respect of the opinion at 1% level of			
		significance.			
		V.	79		
	. 68,8	Module – 4		1 10 00	1.
Q.7	a.	A random sample of size 64 is taken from an infinite population having	6	L2	CO5
		mean 112 and variance 144. Using central limit theorem, find the			
	1 1	probability of getting the sample mean X greater than 114.5			
	b.	The following data shows the runs scored by two batsman: Can it be said	7	L2	CO4
	D.			LL	CO4
		that the performance of batsman A is more consistent than the performance		N	
		of batsman B? Use 1% level of significance $(F_{0.01,4,7} = 7.85)$		1	a 16
		Batsman A 40 50 35 25 60 70 65 55			
5 1		Batsman B 60 70 40 30 50		1	9 6
		A coins are tossed 100 times and the following results were obtained. Fit a	7	L3	COA
	c.		/	L3	CO4
		binomial distribution for the data and calculate the theoretical frequencies.	-		
		Number of heads 0 1 2 3 4			
		Frequency 5 29 36 25 5			111
			1,42		
	1	(Given $\chi^2_{0.05} = 9.49$ for 4 degree of freedom)	2,1	1	167
		OP	_ ~	1	7.37
0.0		OR OR		TA	00:
Q.8	a.	Suppose that 10, 12, 16, 19 is a sample taken from a normal population	6	L2	CO4
	60	with variance 6.25. Find at 95% confidence interval for the population			
	X	mean.			
	-			-	
	b.	The individuals are choosen at random from a population and their heights	7	L3	CO5
		in inches are found to be 63, 63, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 70, 71,71. Test the			
		hypothesis that the mean height of the universe is 66 inches. (Given	1		1 14
					2 2
		$t_{0.05} = 2.262$ for 9 degree of freedom).			
	1-	A comple analysis of argumentian regults of 500 students was made It	7	To	COA
	c.	A sample analysis of examination results of 500 students war made. It was	7	L3	CO4
	1	found that 220 students had failed, 170 had secured third class, 90 had			
		secured second class and 20 had secured first class. Do these figures			
		support the general examination result which is in the ratio 4:3:2:1 for			
		the respective categories			-
				1	
		(Given $\chi^2_{0.05} = 7.81$ for 3 degree of freedom).	5	1.3	100
	-	3 of 4		- No	

	-	Module – 5	-21		886
Q.9	a.	Three different kinds of food are tested on three groups of rats for 5 weeks.	10	L3	CO6
		The objective is to check the difference in mean weight (in grams) of the	10. 07 H		
		rats per week. Apply one-way ANOVA using a 0.05 significance level to			"
		the following data:		7	
	2	Food 1 8 12 19 8 6 M			
	1 1	Food 2 4 5 4 6 9 7			
		Food 3 11 8 7 13 7 9			
					~~ (
	b.	Analyze and interpret the following statistics concerning output of wheat	10	L4	CO6
		per field obtained as a result of experiment conducted to test four varieties			
		of wheat viz. A, B, C, D under a Latin-square design.			
		C B A D	1,6	-	1, 7,
		25 23 20 20	6.7		
Se _i		A D C B			
		19 19 21 18			
		B A D C			
	-	19 14 17 20			
		D C B A			
		17 20 21 45			
		OR			
Q.10	a.	Set up an analysis of variance table for the following per acre production	10	L3	CO6
Q.10	a.	data for three varieties of wheat, each grown on four plots and state it the			
"u		variety differences are significant at 5% significant level (Two way			
		ANOVA).			
		Plot of land Per acre production data			
		Variety of wheat			
		A B C			
		6 5 5			
		2 7 5 4			
		3 3 3 3			
		4 8 7 4			
	-	Set up ANOVA table for the following information relating to three drugs	10	L4	CO6
	b.	testing to judge the effectiveness in reducing blood pressure for three			
		different groups of people.			
		Group of people Drug			
		Gloup of people Diag X Y Z			
	0	A 14 10 11 13 9 11			
	1				200
			2		
		11 11 7		120	
616	- 1	Do the drugs act differently?		:	
		Are the different groups of people affected differently?			
		Is the interaction term significant?			
		Answer the above questions taking a significant level of 5%?			
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