

# CBCS SCHEME

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15EC52

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2023/Jan.2024

## Digital Signal Processing

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

### Module-1

- 1 a. Describe the process of frequency domain sampling and reconstruction of discrete time signals. (10 Marks)
- b. Using linearity property find the DFT of the sequence  $x(n) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi n}{4}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}n\right)$  consider  $N=4$ . (06 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. State and prove the i) circular time shift ii) circular time reversal properties of DFT. (08 Marks)
- b. Solve by concentric circle or graphical method to find circular convolution  $x(n) = \{1, 3, 5, 3\}$  and  $h(n) = \{2, 3, 1, 1\}$ . (04 Marks)
- c. Derive the expression for the relationship of DFT with Z – transforms. (04 Marks)

### Module-2

- 3 a. State and prove the following properties of phase factor  $\omega_N$ .  
i) periodicity  
ii) symmetry. (04 Marks)
- b. Find the output  $y(n)$  of a filter whose impulse suppose  $h(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  and input signal to the filter is  $x(n) = \{1, 2, 1, -1, 3, 0, 5, 6, 2, -2, -5, -6, 7, 1, 2, 0, 1\}$  using overlap – add method with 6-point circular convolution. (12 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. In the direct computation of N-point DFT of  $x(n)$ , how many :  
i) Complex additions  
ii) Complex multiplications  
iii) Real multiplication  
iv) Real additions  
v) Trigonometric functions  
Evaluations are required? (06 Marks)
- b. Explain the linear filtering of long data sequences using overlap – save method. (10 Marks)

### Module-3

- 5 a. Find the DFT of the sequence using decimation in time FFT algorithm and draw the flow graph indicating the intermediate values in the flow graph.  
 $x(n) = \{1, -1, -1, -1, 1, 1, 1, -1\}$ . (08 Marks)
- b. Derive the computational arrangement of 8-point DFT using radix – 2 DIF-FFT algorithm. (08 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. What is Goertzel algorithm? Obtain direct form-II realization of second order goertzel filter. (08 Marks)
- b. Find the 1DFT of the sequence using DIF-FFT algorithm :  
 $X(k) = \{0, 2\sqrt{2}(1-j), 0, 0, 0, 0, 2\sqrt{2}(1+j)\}$ . (08 Marks)

**Module-4**

- 7 a. Obtain the direct form I, direct form II, cascade and parallel form realization for the following system.  $y(n) = 0.75y(n-1) - 0.125y(n-2) + 6x(n) + 7x(n-1) + x(n-2)$ . (08 Marks)
- b. Realize the system given by the difference equation :  
 $y(n) = -0.1y(n-1) + 0.72y(n-2) + 0.7x(n) - 0.252x(n-2)$   
 Use parallel form. Is this system stable? Determine its impulse response. (08 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Design an IIR digital filter that when used in the prefilter A/D - H(z) - D/A structure will SATISFY the following equivalent along specifications. (10 Marks)
- LPF with -1dB cutoff at  $100\pi$  rad/sec
  - Stopband attenuation of 35dB or greater at  $1000\pi$  rad/sec.
  - Monotonic stop band and pass band
  - Sampling rate of 2000 samples/sec.
- b. Obtain H(z) using impulse invariance method for the following analog filter 5Hz sampling frequency  $H_a(S) = \frac{2}{(S+1)(s+2)}$ . (06 Marks)

**Module-5**

- 9 a. A linear time - invariant digital IIR filter is specified by the following transfer function :  

$$H(z) = \frac{(z-1)(z-2)(z+1)z}{[z - (\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}j)][z - (\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}j)][z - j\frac{1}{4}][z + j\frac{1}{4}]}$$
 Realize the system in the following forms : i) direct form - I ii) Direct form -II. (12 Marks)
- b. Obtain a cascade realization for the system function given below :  

$$H(z) = \frac{(1+z^{-1})^3}{(1 - \frac{1}{4}z^{-1})(1 - z^{-1} + \frac{1}{2}z^{-2})}$$
 (04 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Explain the following terms :  
 i) Rectangular window  
 ii) Bartlett window  
 iii) Hamming window. (08 Marks)
- b. A filter is to be designed with the following desired frequency response :

$$H_d(\omega) = \begin{cases} 0, & -\pi/4 < \omega < \pi/4 \\ e^{-j2\omega}, & \pi/4 < |\omega| < \pi \end{cases}$$

Find the frequency response of the FIR filter designed using rectangular window defined below :

$$\omega_R(n) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq n \leq 4 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (08 \text{ Marks})$$

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