

CBCS SCHEME

**18MAT21** 

# Second Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2023/Jan.2024 **Advanced Calculus and Numerical Methods**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

- Find grade ' $\phi$ ' when  $\phi$  is given by  $\phi = 3x^2y y^3z^2$  at the point (1, -2, -1).
  - A vector field is given by  $\vec{A} = (x^2 + xy^2) \hat{i} + (y^2 + x^2y)j$ . Show that the field is irrotational.
  - Find the angle between the surfaces  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$  and  $z = x^2 + y^2 3$  at (2, -1, 2)

- Verify Green's theorem in the plane for  $\int (xy + y^2)dx + x^2dy$ , where C is the closed curve bounded by y = x and  $y = x^2$ .
  - b. Evaluate by Stokes theorem  $\oint yzd_x + zxd_y + xyd_z$ , where C is the curve  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ ,  $z = y^2$ .
  - c. Using the divergence theorem, evaluate  $\iint_{\mathbb{C}} \vec{F} \cdot \hat{n} \, ds$ , where  $\vec{F} = x^3 \hat{i} + y^3 \hat{j} + z^3 \hat{k}$  and S is the surface of the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$ (07 Marks)

- a. Solve  $\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + y = 0$ . (06 Marks)
  - b. Solve  $y'' 4y' + 13y = \cos 2x$ . (07 Marks)
  - c. Solve  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = \tan x$  by the method of variation or parameters. (07 Marks)

- a. Solve  $x^2y'' xy' xy' + 2y = x$  by Cauchy method. b. Solve  $(2x + 1)^2 y'' 2(2x + 1)y' 12y = 6x$  by Lagendre's method. (06 Marks)
  - (07 Marks)
  - c. A particle moves along the x axis according to the law  $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 6 \frac{dx}{dt} + 25x = 0$ . If the particle is started at x = 0 with an initial velocity of 12 ft/sec to the left, determine nets. (07 Marks)

Module-3

- a. Form partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary constants 'a' & 'b'.  $z = ax^2 + by^2$ . (06 Marks)
  - b. Form partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary function 'f'.  $z = x^n f(\frac{y}{x})$ (07 Marks)
  - Solve  $\frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x^2 \partial y} = \sin(2x + 3y)$ . (07 Marks)

a. Solve  $\frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x^2} + 4z = 0$ . Given that when x = 0,  $z = e^{2y}$  and  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ (06 Marks)

b. Solve  $p \cot x + q \cot y = \cot z$ .

(07 Marks)

Find solution of one – dimensional heat equation:

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{t}} = \mathbf{c}^2 \cdot \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{y}}{\partial \mathbf{x}^2}.$$

(07 Marks)

Discuss the convergence of  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n+1)^n x^n}{n^{n+1}}$ (06 Marks)

Test for convergence of the series  $\frac{1^2}{2} + \frac{2^2}{2^2} + \frac{3^2}{2^3} + \frac{4^2}{2^4}$ (07 Marks)

Test the positive series +=1+2+3+(07 Marks)

Solve Bessel's differential equation leading to  $J_n(x)$ . Express the polynomial  $f(x) = 4x^3 - 2x^2 - 3x + 8$  in terms of Legendre polynomials. (06 Marks) 8

(07 Marks)

Using Rodrigues's formula, obtain expressions for  $P_0(x)$ ,  $P_1(x)$ ,  $P_2(x)$ ,  $P_3(x)$ . (07 Marks)

## Module-5

Using Newton's forward interpolation formula, find y at x = 8 from the following table:

	_	-	10	100	20	25
X :	0	5	10	10	20	25
y:	7	11	14	18	24	32

(06 Marks)

Using Newton's divided difference formula, evaluate f(8) and f(15), given

l.	x:	4	5	7	10	11	13	
,	f(x):	48	100	294	900	1210	2028	

(07 Marks)

Find a real root of the equation  $f(x) = x^3 - 2x - 5 = 0$  by Regula Falsi method correct to three (07 Marks) decimal places.

a. Evaluate  $\int_{-1}^{6} \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$  by using Weddle's Rule.

(06 Marks)

b. Evaluate  $\int \log_{10}^{x} dx$  taking 6 subintervals correct to four decimal places by Simpson's

(07 Marks)

c. Use Newton – Raphson method to find a real root of the equation  $x e^{x} - 2 = 0$  correct to (07 Marks) three decimal places.