# CBCS SCHEME

17MAT21

## Second Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2023/Jan.2024 **Engineering Mathematics - II**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

### Module-1

a. Solve:  $(D^2 + 2D + 1)y = \sin 2x$ b. Solve:  $(D^3 + 6D^2 + 11D + 6)y = e^x + 1$ (06 Marks) (07 Marks)

c. By the method of undetermined coefficients solve:

$$(D^2 + 4)y = e^{-x}$$
 (07 Marks)

a. Solve:  $(D^2 - 6D + 9)y = 6e^{3x} + 7^{-2x}$ b. Solve:  $(D^2 - 4D + 4)y = 8(e^{2x} + \sin 2x)$ (06 Marks)

(07 Marks)

c. By the method of variation of parameters solve:  $(D^2 + 1)y = \sec x$ (07 Marks)

(06 Marks)

a. Solve:  $x^2y'' + xy' + 9y = 3x^2 + \sin(3 \log x)$ b. Solve:  $yp^2 + (x - y)p - x = 0$ (07 Marks)

c. Solve:  $(px - y)(py + x) = a^2p$  by taking  $x^2 = X$  and y (07 Marks)

Solve:  $(x + 1)^2y'' + (x + 1)y' + y = 2 \sin[\log (1 + x)]$ Solve:  $xyp^2 - (x^2 + y^2)p + xy = 0$ (06 Marks)

(07 Marks)

Obtain general solution and singular solution of  $xp^2 - py + kp + a = 0$ (07 Marks)

Module-3

Obtain the partial differential equation by eliminating f and g from the relation

z = f(x + at) + g(x - at)(06 Marks)

b. Solve:  $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - a^2 z = 0$  under the conditions z = 0 when x = 0 and  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = a \sin y$  when x = 0. (07 Marks)

Derive an expression for the one dimensional heat equation. (07 Marks)

Form a partial differential equation from  $\phi(x + y + z, xy + z^2) = 0$ (06 Marks)

Solve:  $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} = \sin x \sin y$  given that  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = -2 \sin y$  when x = 0 and z = 0

when y =  $(2n+1)\pi/2$ (07 Marks)

Use the method of separation of variable to solve the wave equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{t}^2} = \mathbf{c}^2 \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{x}^2} \tag{07 Marks}$$

### 17MAT21

### Module-4

a. Evaluate by changing the order of integration

$$\int_{0}^{1} \int_{\sqrt{y}}^{1} dx dy$$
 (06 Marks)

b. Evaluate: 
$$\int_{-1}^{1} \int_{0}^{z} \int_{x-z}^{x+z} (x+y+z) \, dy \, dx \, dz$$
 (07 Marks)

c. Prove that :  $\left[\frac{1}{2} = \sqrt{\pi}\right]$  using definition of  $\left[\overline{n}\right]$ . (07 Marks)

8 a. Evaluate

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-(x^2+y^2)} dx dy \text{ by changing into polar coordinates.}$$
 (06 Marks)

b. Find the area of an ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$  by double integration. (07 Marks)

c. Prove that 
$$\beta(m, n) = \frac{\overline{|m|n}}{\overline{|m+n|}}$$
 (07 Marks)

a. Find: (i) 
$$L[t \cos 2t]$$
(ii)  $L\left[\frac{\cos 2t - \cos 3t}{t}\right]$ 
(06 Marks)

b. A periodic function of period 2a is defined by  $f(t) = \begin{cases} E & \text{for } 0 \le t \le a \\ -E & \text{for } a \le t \le 2a \end{cases}$ 

Show that 
$$L[f(t)] = \frac{E}{s} \tanh\left(\frac{as}{2}\right)$$
 where E is a constant. (07 Marks)

c. Solve: y'' + 6y' + 9y = 12 subject to the conditions y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0 by using Laplace transform method. (07 Marks)

b. Find 
$$L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{(s+a)(s+b)}\right]$$
 by using convolution theorem. (07 Marks)

Express the function in terms of unit step function and hence find their Laplace transform

where 
$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 < t < 1 \\ t, & 1 < t < 2 \\ t_2, & t > 2 \end{cases}$$
 (07 Marks)