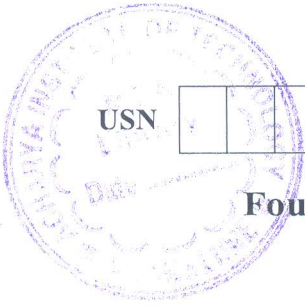


# CBCS SCHEME



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21ME44

Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2024

## Mechanics of Materials

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

### Module-1

- 1 a. Define the following terms:  
(i) Stress (ii) Strain (iii) Young's modulus  
(iv) Poisson's ratio (v) Hooke's law (05 Marks)
- b. Derive an expression for the total elongation of a tapered circular bar cross section of diameter 'D' and 'd' subjected to an axial load 'p'. (05 Marks)
- c. A bar of 800 mm length is attached rigidly at A and B as shown in Fig.Q1(c). Determine reaction at both ends and stress in each portion. Bar diameter is 25 mm and Young's modulus  $E = 200$  MPa.

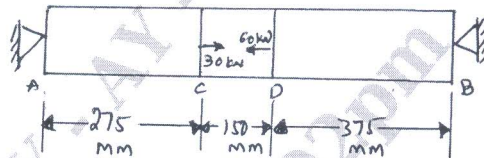


Fig.Q1(c)

(10 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. A steel rail is 12.6 m long and is laid at a temperature of  $24^\circ\text{C}$ . The maximum temperature is expected to raise to  $44^\circ\text{C}$ .  
(i) Estimate the minimum gap between the rails to be left so that temperature stress do not develop.  
(ii) If the stress developed is  $20 \text{ N/mm}^2$ , what is the gap left between the rails?  
Take  $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$  and  $\alpha = 12 \times 10^{-6}/^\circ\text{C}$  (10 Marks)
- b. Derive a relation between modulus of elasticity and modulus of rigidity. (10 Marks)

### Module-2

- 3 a. Derive the expression for normal stress and tangential stress on a plane inclined at  $\theta$  to the vertical axis in a biaxial stress system with shear stress. (08 Marks)
- b. State of stress at a point in a strained material is as shown in Fig.Q3(b). Determine:  
(i) Direction of principal plane and magnitude of principal stresses  
(ii) Maximum shear stress and its directions  
(iii) Sketch and indicate above planes.

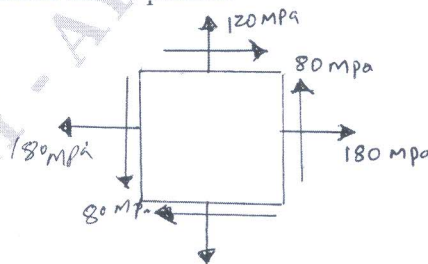


Fig.Q3(b)

(12 Marks)

OR

- 4 The state of stress at a point in a strained material is shown in Fig.Q4. Determine:
- Direction of principal plane and magnitude of principal stress.
  - Direction of maximum shear stress and its magnitude
  - Draw Mohr's circle to verify the results obtained analytically

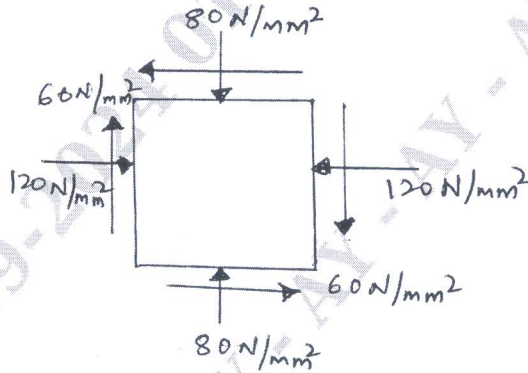


Fig.Q4

(20 Marks)

**Module-3**

- 5 a. A cantilever of length 2m carries a uniform distributed load of 1 kN/m run over a length of 1.5 m from the free end. Draw the shear force and bending moment diagram for the cantilever beam. (06 Marks)
- b. Draw the BMD and SFD for the overhanging beam shown in Fig.Q5(b). Find also point of contraflexure with corresponding value of bending moment.

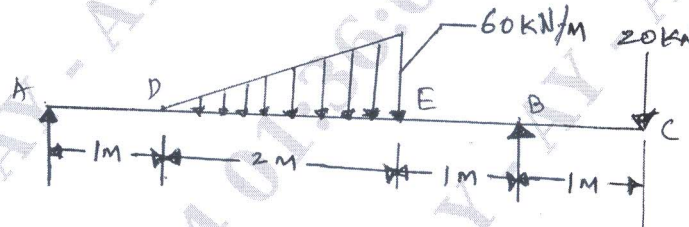


Fig.Q5(b)

(14 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Prove the relation  $\frac{M}{I} = \frac{\sigma}{Y} = \frac{E}{R}$  with usual notations. (10 Marks)
- b. Fig.Q6(b) shows the cross-section of a beam which is subjected to a shear force of 20 kN. Draw shear stress distribution across depth marking values at salient points.

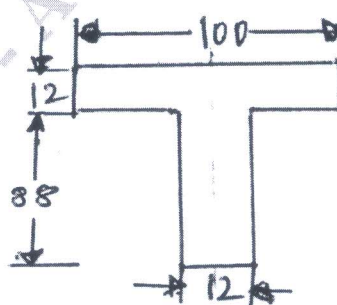


Fig.Q6(b) All dimension are in mm

(10 Marks)

**Module-4**

- 7 a. Derive an expression for deflection, slope and maximum deflection of simply supported beam of span 'L' subjected to a concentrated load W at its mid span using differential equation for deflection. (10 Marks)
- b. A simply supported beam of 6m span is subjected to a point load of 18 kN at 4 m from left support. Calculate:
- The position and the value of maximum deflection
  - Slope at mid-span
- Assume  $E = 200 \text{ GPa}$  and  $I = 15 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$ . (10 Marks)

**OR**

- 8 a. Derive the torsional equation for a circular shaft with usual notations. State the assumptions made. (10 Marks)
- b. A shaft is required to transmit 245 KW power at 240 rpm. The maximum torque may be 1.5 times the mean torque. The shear stress in the shaft should not exceed  $40 \text{ N/mm}^2$  and the twist  $1^\circ$  per metre length. Determine the diameter required if shaft is hollow with external diameter twice the internal diameter. Take modulus of rigidity,  $G = 80 \text{ kN/mm}^2$ . (10 Marks)

**Module-5**

- 9 a. A thick cylinder of outside diameter 300 mm and internal diameter 200 mm is subjected to an internal fluid pressure of  $14 \text{ N/mm}^2$ . Determine the maximum hoop stress developed in the cross section. Sketch the variation of hoop stress across the thickness of the cylinder. (10 Marks)
- b. What is strain energy? Explain in brief. (05 Marks)
- c. Obtain an expression for strain energy due to shear stress. (05 Marks)

**OR**

- 10 a. State the assumptions made while deriving Euler's column formula. Also derive Euler's expression of buckling for column with both ends hinged. (10 Marks)
- b. A hollow cast iron whose outside diameter is 200 mm and has a thickness of 20 mm is 4.5 m long and is fixed at both ends. Calculate the safe load by Rankine's formulae with factor of safety 2.5. Find the ratio of Euler's to Rankine's loads. Assume  $E = 1 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ , Rankine's constant =  $1/1600$  for both ends pinned and  $f_c = 550 \text{ N/mm}^2$ . (10 Marks)

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