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22MBAFM404

Fourth Semester MBA Degree Examination, June/July 2024 Mergers, Acquisitions and Corporate Restructuring

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: 1. Answer any FOUR full questions from Q.No.1 to 7.

2. Q.No. 8 is compulsory.3. M: Marks , L: Bloom's level , C: Course outcomes.

				7		N/I	Y	0
Q.1	a.	Give th	e meaning of LBO.			M	L	C
Q.1	a.	Give th	e meaning of Lbo.			3	L1	CO1
	b.	Mention	n some reasons for the failure o	f merger and acquis	ition	7	L2	CO2
			is some reasons for the fariance of	i merger una dequis	ition.	'	112	COZ
-	c.	Explain	industry life cycle in the conte	xt of merger.		10	L6	CO2
		1		8			230	002
				4		1		
Q.2	a.	What is	purchase consideration? List it	s types.	4	3	L1	CO5
			4 1 4					*6
	b.	What is	Due Diligence? Explain the type	pes of due diligence		7	L5	CO3
			1		AUTO.			
	c.	On the	basis of following information	n of XYZ Ltd., yo	u are required to	10	L5	CO4
			te net asset value per share as	s per book value, r	narket value and			
		liquidat	tion value bases.		1			
			Balance sheet	of XYZ Ltd				
		I) Ean	ity and Lightliti	VY	Rs.			
			ity and Liabilities : reholder's Funds					
			Share Capital (20,000 11%	proformos charac	of 20,00,000			
		aj	Rs. 100 each, fully paid-up)	preference shares	01 20,00,000			
		h)	Shares capital (60,000 equity s	shared of Rs 100 ea	eh 60,00,000			
		0)	fully paid-up)	shared of Rs.100 ca	00,00,000			
		ii) Nor	n current liabilities 10% debentu	ures	10,00,000			
			rrent liabilities		10,00,000			
		, / Jun		A Y	35,50,000			
			Provision for Income tax		4,00,000			
	A	c)	Profit and Loss account		11,50,000	i		
	132	Total		V.	1,41,00,000			
	7			*	\$			
		II) Ass	sets:	,				
			-current assets:					
		a)	Fixed Assets	75,00,000				
			Less depreciation	15,00,000	60,00,000			
		b)	Other non current assets:					
		~	Preliminary exp's		1,00,000			
			rent Assets:		FO 00 00 5			
		a)	Stock		50,00,000			
	1	b)	Debtors		25,00,000			
		Total	Cash and Bank		5,00,000			

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		Additional Information: i) According to professional assessors the market value of fixed asset is Rs.65,00,000; stock is Rs.51,00,000; debtors is Rs.22,50,000 and all the remaining assets are to be taken at their balance sheet values. ii) The dividend on preference share is neither paid nor declared. iii) In case if the company goes into liquidation the assessors gave the estimate of current amount of sale of fixed assets as Rs.52,50,000 stock as Rs.45,00,000 and debtors as Rs.20,00,000. iv) The liquidation cost amounts to Rs.7,50,000.			
			2	T 4	001
Q.3	a.	What is spin off?	3	L1	CO1
	b.	Discuss the salient features of the competition Act 2002.	7	L5	CO6
	c.	What are the organizational and human aspect that should be considered during post merger integration?	10	L6	CO2
			2	L1	CO1
Q.4	a.	What is Master Limited Partnership (MLP)?	3	LI	COI
	b.	Define Corporate Restructuring. What are the objectives of Corporate Restructuring?	7	L1	CO1
	c.	What is Joint Venture? What are the reasons for forming joint ventures and what are the reasons for failure of joint ventures?	10	L3	CO2
					000
Q.5	a.	What are different types of merger?	3	L1	CO2
	b.	Explain the strategic motives behind mergers and acquisitions.	7	L6	CO3
	c.	Discuss the various efficiency theories of mergers.	10	L5	CO3
Q.6	a.	Name three challenges of due diligence process.	3	L1	CO
	b.	Narrate the process of merger integration.	7	L5	CO
	c.	Dividend on a share during current year Rs.20, the value is Rs.100. Dividends are expected to grow at a constant rate 10.9% for 5 years and then 8% infinitely. An investor expects a return of 25% p.a. suggest him at what price he should buy it?	10	L5	CO
0 =	_	What is ECOD?	3	L1	CO
Q.7	a.	What is ESOP?	3	LI	20,
	b.	Define M & A five stage model. Explain five stage model with diagram. Write a note on five stage model.	7	L3	CO.
	c.	Explain the different types of business valuation approaches.	10	L5	CO

Q.8	CASE STUDY (Compulsory)	20	L5	CO4
	The companies, X Ltd. and Y Ltd. have furnished their balance sheets for			
	the accounting treatment of amalgamation.			
	Particulars X Ltd. Y Ltd.			
	(Rs.) (Rs.)			
	I) Equity and Liabilities:			
	i) Shareholder's fund 9% preferences shares			
	capital (Shares of Rs.100 each) 4,00,000			
	Equity shares capital (shares of Rs.10 each) 8,00,000 4,00,000			
	a) Reserves and surplus:			
	Reserves 1,60,000 1,00,000			
	Statement of P and L 2,00,000 40,000			
	b) Current Liabilities and Provisions:			
	Creditors 40,000 20,000			
	Total 16,00,000 5,60,000			
	II) Assets:			
	i) Non current assets			
	a) Property, Plant and Equipment and			
	Intangible assets			
	1) Goodwill 2,80,000 -			
	2) Building (office) 4,00,000 2,00,000 3,00,000 1,20,000			
	4) Furniture and fixtures 1,40,000 80,000			
	7) 1 difficulte and fixtures 1,40,000 80,000			
	b) Investments 2,00,000			
	ii) Current Assets:			
	a) Stock 1,60,000 80,000			
	b) Debtors 80,000 60,000			
	c) Bank Balance 40,000 20,000			
	Total 16,00,000 5,60,000			
	Thus for soming the number of all trustions are now is formed			
	Thus, for serving the purpose of amalgamation, a new company is formed as XY Ltd. for taking over the business of both companies based on the			
	following conditions:	=		
	i) The valued worth of X Ltd. is agreed at Rs.20,00,000 and for			
	purchase consideration, the equity shares of Rs.10 each are issued at			
	a premium of Rs.6 per share.			
	ii) The valued worth of Y Ltd is agreed at Rs.8,00,000 and for purchase	1		
	consideration, the equity shares of Rs.10 each are issued at Rs.16			
	per share.			
	iii) The newly formed company XY Ltd. is bearing liquidation expenses			
	of Rs.8,000 and Rs.4,000 for X Ltd. and Y Ltd. respectively. You			
	are required to pass journal entries only in the books of transferee			
	companies (X Ltd.) and prepare required accounts for the same.			