CBCS SCHEME

USN TEO. BESCK204B/ BESCKB204

Second Semester B.E./B.Tech. Degree Examination, June/July 2024 Introduction to Electrical Engineering

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

2. VTU Formula Hand Book is permitted.

3. M: Marks, L: Bloom's level, C: Course outcomes.

		Module – 1	M	L	C
Q.1	a.	With the help of single line diagram, explain the electrical power transmission and distribution system.	6	L2	CO1
	b.	Explain the working of hydro power generation using suitable block diagram.	8	L2	COI
	c.	Two resistances 20Ω and 40Ω are connected in parallel. A resistance of 10Ω is connected in series with the combination. A voltage of 200V is applied across the circuit. Find the current in each resistance and the voltage across 10Ω .	6	L3	CO
	25-777 10-117	OR			
Q.2	a.	State and explain KCL and KVL with illustration for each.	6	L2	CO
	b.	With a neat block diagram, explain the working of wind power generation.	8	L2	CO
	c.	Using Kirchoff's law find the loop currents and voltage across each resistance. Fig.Q.2(c) Module -2	6	L3	CO
Q.3	a.	A pure capacitor is excited by sinusoidal varying AC voltage, show that the	8	L2	CO
V.	,	average power consumed by capacitor is zero.			
	b.	Define: i) Active power ii) Reactive power iii) Apparent power.	6	L1	CO
	c.	A coil having a resistance of 7Ω and inductance of 31.8mH is connected to 230V, 50Hz supply. Calculate: i) The circuit current ii) Phase angle iii) Power factor iv) Power consumed.	6	L3	CO
		1 of 3		-	

BESCK204B/BESCKB204 OR Derive an equation for the power consumed by a R-L series circuit. Draw CO₁ L2 **Q.4** the waveform of voltage, current and power. Explain the generation of three phase ac and list the advantages. L2 CO₂ 6 b. A circuit consists of a resistance of 10Ω , inductance of 16mH and a L3 CO₂ capacitor of 150µF connected in series. A supply of 100V at 50Hz is given to the circuit. Find the i) Current ii) Power factor iii) Power consumed by the circuit. Module - 3 With the help of neat diagram, explain the construction of DC generator. Q.5 8 L2 CO₃ With usual notations, derive the torque equation of a DC motor. L2 CO₄ b. The emf generated in the armature of a shunt generator is 625V, when L3 CO₄ delivering its full load current of 400A to an external circuit. The field current is 6A and the armature resistance is 0.06Ω . What is the terminal voltage? Explain the characteristics of DC shunt motor. 6 L2 CO₃ Q.6 Classify the DC generator types. Derive EMF equation of the DC generator. L₂ CO₄ b. A 200V, 4 pole, lap wound DC shunt motor has 800 conductors on its CO₄ L3 armature. The resistance of the armature winding is 0.5Ω and that of the shunt field winding is 200Ω . The motor takes 21A and flux/pole is 30mWb. Find: i) Speed ii) Gross torque. Module - 4 Q.7 Explain the operation of single phase transformer. Classify types of L1 CO₄ transformers. Explain the concept of rotating magnetic field in a 3 phase induction motor. L2 Co4 A single phase 25KVA, 2000/1000V, 50Hz transformer has a maximum L3 CO₄ efficiency of 98% at full load unity power factor. Determine its efficiency at i) 3/4th full load unity power factor ii) 1/2 full load 0.8 power factor. OR Explain the construction and working of 3-phase induction motor. Q.8 CO₄ L2 With usual notation, derive an EMF equation of single phase transformer. L2 b. CO₄ A 4 pole three phase, 50Hz induction motor runs at a speed of 1470rpm. L3 CO₄ Find the i) Synchronous speed ii) Slip iii) Frequency of the induced emf in the rotor under this condition.

BESCK204B/ BESCKI					
	Module – 5				
a.	With neat wiring diagram and truth table explain three way control of lamp.	6	L2	CO5	
b.	What is Earthing? With a neat diagram, explain pipe earthing.	8	L2	COS	
c.	Write the characteristics of a tariff and explain two part tariff.	6	L2	COS	
	OR	1	J		
a.	Define electric shock. List the safety precautions to avoid shock.	6	L2	COS	
b.	Explain the working principle of fuse and miniature circuit breaker.	8	L2	COS	
c.	Explain the different types of wiring connections.	6	L2	COS	
	b. c. b. c.	Module – 5 a. With neat wiring diagram and truth table explain three way control of lamp. b. What is Earthing? With a neat diagram, explain pipe earthing. C. Write the characteristics of a tariff and explain two part tariff. OR a. Define electric shock. List the safety precautions to avoid shock. b. Explain the working principle of fuse and miniature circuit breaker. C. Explain the different types of wiring connections. *****	Module – 5 a. With neat wiring diagram and truth table explain three way control of lamp. 6 b. What is Earthing? With a neat diagram, explain pipe earthing. 8 c. Write the characteristics of a tariff and explain two part tariff. 6 OR a. Define electric shock. List the safety precautions to avoid shock. 6 b. Explain the working principle of fuse and miniature circuit breaker. 8	Module – 5 a. With neat wiring diagram and truth table explain three way control of lamp. 6 L2 b. What is Earthing? With a neat diagram, explain pipe earthing. 8 L2 c. Write the characteristics of a tariff and explain two part tariff. 6 L2 OR a. Define electric shock. List the safety precautions to avoid shock. 6 L2 b. Explain the working principle of fuse and miniature circuit breaker. 8 L2 c. Explain the different types of wiring connections. 6 L2	