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21MATCS41

## Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2024 Mathematical Foundations for Computing, Probability and Statistics

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

**Note:** 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.  
2. Provide data table book.

### Module-1

- 1 a. Define tautology. Show that the compound proposition  $[p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r)] \rightarrow [(p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)]$  is a tautology for any propositions  $p, q, r$ . (06 Marks)
- b. Prove that (i)  $p \vee [p \wedge (p \vee q)] \equiv p$  (ii)  $[(-p \vee \neg q) \rightarrow (p \wedge q \wedge r)] \equiv p \wedge q$  using the laws of logic. (07 Marks)
- c. Prove that for all integers  $k$  and  $\ell$  is  $k$  and  $\ell$  are both odd, then  $k + \ell$  is even and  $k\ell$  is odd. (07 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Define: (i) Universal quantifiers (ii) Existential quantifiers, with an example. (06 Marks)
- b. Test the validity of the following argument.  
I will become famous or I will not become a musician.  
I will become a musician.  
Therefore I will become famous. (07 Marks)
- c. Suppose the universe consist of integers. Consider the following open statements:  
 $p(x) : x \leq 3, q(x) : x + 1$  is odd  $r(x) : x > 0$ .  
Write down the truth values of:  
(i)  $p(2)$  (ii)  $\vee q(4)$  (iii)  $p(-1) \wedge q(1)$  (iv)  $\sim p(3) \vee r(0)$   
(v)  $p(0) \rightarrow q(0)$  (vi)  $p(1) \leftrightarrow \sim q(2)$  (vii)  $p(4) \vee (q(1) \wedge r(2))$  (07 Marks)

### Module-2

- 3 a. Let  $A$  and  $B$  be finite sets with  $|A| = m$  and  $|B| = n$ . Find how many one to one functions are possible from  $A$  to  $B$ . If there are 60 1-1 functions from  $A$  to  $B$  and  $|A| = 3$ , what is  $|B|$ ? (06 Marks)
- b. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12\}$  and  $R$  be a relation on  $A$  defined by  $aRb$  if "a is a multiple of b". Write down the relation  $R$ , relation matrix  $M(R)$  and draw its digraph. (07 Marks)
- c. Define: (i) Null graph (ii) Bipartite graph (iii) Euler circuit. Give an example for each. (07 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Draw the Hasse diagram representing the positive divisors of 48. (06 Marks)
- b. Consider the functions  $f$  and  $g$  defined by  $f(x) = x^3$  and  $g(x) = x^2 + 1 \forall x \in R$ . Find  $g \circ f, f \circ g, f^2$ . (07 Marks)
- c. Define isomorphism of graphs. Prove that 2 graphs below are isomorphic.

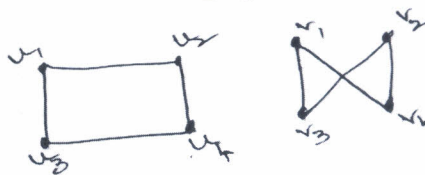


Fig.Q.4(c)  
1 of 3

(07 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.  
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

**Module-3**

- 5 a. Find the correlation coefficient between the speed and the stopping distance and the equations of regression lines.

Speed, x	16	24	32	40	48	56
Stopping distance, y	0.39	0.75	1.23	1.91	2.77	3.81

(06 Marks)

- b. Fit a best curve of the form  $y = ax^b$  for the following data:

x	1	2	3	4	5
y	0.5	2	4.5	8	12.5

(07 Marks)

- c. Fit a straight line by the method of least squares.

x	1	2	3	4	5
y	14	13	9	5	2

(07 Marks)

**OR**

- 6 a. The following are the percentage of marks in 2 subjects of 9 students. Find the rank correlation coefficient.

x	38	50	42	61	43	55	67	46	72
y	41	64	70	75	44	55	62	56	60

(06 Marks)

- b. Fit a 2<sup>nd</sup> degree parabola  $y = a + bx + cx^2$  for the data:

x	0	1	2	3	4	5
y	1	3	7	13	21	31

(07 Marks)

- c. Given that  $8x - 10y + 66 = 0$  and  $40x - 18y = 214$  are the regression equations. Find the means of x and y and correlation coefficient. Find  $\sigma_y$  if  $\sigma_x = 3$ .

(07 Marks)

**Module-4**

- 7 a. A random variable X has the following probability function:

x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
P(x)	0.1	K	0.2	2K	0.3	K

Find: (i) K (ii)  $P(X < 1)$  (iii)  $P(X > -1)$  (06 Marks)

- b. Find the mean and standard deviation of Poisson distribution. (07 Marks)

- c. The mean weight of 500 students in a school is 50 kgs and the standard deviation is 6 kgs. Assuming that the weights are normally distributed, find the expected number of students weighing (i) between 40 and 50 kg (ii) more than 60 kg. Given that  $A(1.67) = 0.4525$ .

(07 Marks)

**OR**

- 8 a. Find the constant K such that

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} Kx^2, & 0 \leq x \leq 3 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

is a probability density function. Find the mean. (06 Marks)

- b. When an honest coin is tossed 4 times, find the probability of getting:

(i) exactly one head (ii) atmost 3 heads (iii) at least 2 heads (07 Marks)

- c. The probability that an individual suffers a bad reaction from a certain injection is 0.001. Using Poisson distribution, find the probability that out of 2000 individuals:

(i) exactly 3 (ii) more than 2 will suffer a bad reaction. (07 Marks)



Module-5

- 9 a. X and Y are independent random variables such that X takes 1, 5 with probabilities  $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}$  respectively. Y takes -4, 2, 7 with probabilities  $\frac{3}{8}, \frac{3}{8}$  and  $\frac{1}{4}$  respectively. Find the joint probability distribution of X and Y. Find Cov (X, Y). (06 Marks)
- b. Find the student 't' for the following variables values in a sample of eight -4, -2, -2, 0, 2, 2, 3, 3 taking the mean of the universe to be zero. (07 Marks)
- c. The following are the I.Q's of a randomly chosen sample of 10 boys: 70, 120, 110, 101, 88, 83, 95, 98, 107, 100. Does this data support the hypothesis that the population mean of I.Q's is 100 at 5% level of significance? (07 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Explain the terms:  
 (i) Null hypothesis  
 (ii) Alternate hypothesis  
 (iii) Levels of significance  
 (iv) Type 1 and Type 2 errors (06 Marks)
- b. A die is thrown 60 times and the frequency distribution for the number appearing on the face x is given by the following table:
- |           |    |   |   |   |    |    |
|-----------|----|---|---|---|----|----|
| x         | 1  | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5  | 6  |
| Frequency | 15 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 11 | 17 |
- Test the hypothesis that the die is unbiased. Use Chisquare test at 5% level of significantly. (07 Marks)
- c. The nine items of a sample have the following values 45, 47, 50, 52, 48, 47, 49, 53, 51. Does the mean of these differ significantly from the assumed mean of 47.5 ( $t_{0.05} = 2.31$ ). (07 Marks)

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