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BMT306B

Third Semester B.E./B.Tech. Degree Examination, Dec.2024/Jan.2025 Signals and Systems

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.
2. M: Marks, L: Bloom's level, C: Course outcomes.

| | | Module – 1 | M | L | C |
|-----|----|---|----|----|-----|
| Q.1 | a. | What is signal and system? Explain continuous time and discrete time signals with examples. | 10 | L2 | CO1 |
| | b. | Develop the even/odd decomposition of a general signal $x(t) = x_e(t) + x_o(t)$. | 10 | L3 | CO1 |
| | | OR | | | |
| Q.2 | a. | Explain with necessary equation different types of operations performed on dependent variables. | 10 | L2 | CO1 |
| | b. | Consider a discrete-time system described by the input-output relation $y(n) = nx(n)$. Show that this system is linear. | 10 | L3 | CO1 |
| | | Module – 2 | | | |
| Q.3 | a. | A LTI system has impulse response given by $h(n) = un - u(n-10)$. Determine the output of the system when the input is rectangular pulse defined as $x(n) = u(n-2) - u(n-7)$. | 10 | L3 | CO2 |
| | b. | Explain in detail how convolution integral can be used to determine the output of a continuous time LTI system. | 10 | L2 | CO2 |
| | | OR | | | |
| Q.4 | a. | Suppose the input $x(t) = 2u(t-1) - 2u(t-3)$ and impulse response $h(t) = u(t+1) - 2u(t-1) + u(t-3)$ of a LTI system. Determine the output of this system. | 10 | L3 | CO2 |
| | b. | Explain in detail how convolution sum can be used to determine the output of a discrete-time system. | 10 | L2 | CO2 |
| | | Module – 3 | | | |
| Q.5 | a. | Explain the commutative property possessed by a LTI system with necessary equation. | 10 | L2 | CO3 |
| | b. | What is step response? Find the step response of the RC circuit having impulse response: | 10 | L3 | CO3 |
| | | $h(t) = \frac{1}{RC} e^{-t_{RC}} u(t)$ | | | |
| | | OR | | | |
| Q.6 | a. | Explain the natural response and forced response of a system with necessary equation. | 10 | L2 | CO3 |
| | b. | Obtain the block diagram description in direct form I and direct form II for the following equation: $y(n) + \frac{1}{2}y(n-1) = \frac{1}{2}y(n-2)$ | 10 | L3 | CO3 |
| 581 | | the following equation: $y(n) + \frac{1}{2}y(n-1) - \frac{1}{3}y(n-3) = x(n) + 2x(n-2)$. Module – 4 | | | |
| Q.7 | a. | Explain the relationship between time properties of a signal and the appropriate Fourier representation. | 10 | L2 | CO4 |
| | b. | What is Discrete Time Fourier Series (DTFS)? Find the DTFS | 10 | L2 | CO4 |
| | | representation for $x(n) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}n + \phi\right)$. | | | |
| | | 1 of 2 | | | |

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| | | OR | | | |
|------|--|--|----|----|-----------------|
| Q.8 | a. | What is Continuous Time Fourier Series (FS) with necessary equation? | 10 | L2 | CO ₄ |
| | b. | Determine the Fourier series representation for the signal | 10 | L3 | CO4 |
| | | $x(t) = 3\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}t + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$ | | | |
| | | Module – 5 | | | |
| Q.9 | .9 a. Give the DTFT representation and obtain the DTFT of a exponential signal | | | L3 | CO5 |
| | | $x(n) = \alpha^n u(n)$. | | -1 | 8 |
| . b. | | Find the inverse DTFT of $X(e^{j\theta}) = \begin{cases} 1 & \Omega \le \omega \\ 0 & \omega < \Omega < \pi \end{cases}$. | 10 | L3 | CO5 |
| | | That the inverse B11 1 of $X(C_{\alpha}) = 0$ $\omega < \Omega < \pi$ | | | |
| | | OR | | | |
| Q.10 | a. | Give the Fourier Transform representation and obtain the Fourier | 10 | L3 | CO5 |
| | | Transform of $x(t) = e^{-at}u(t)$. | | | |
| | b. | Explain linearity properties and time shifting properties. | 10 | L3 | CO5 |

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