



**Seventh Semester B.E./B.Tech. Degree Examination, Dec.2024/Jan.2025**  
**Thermal Engineering**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

*Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.  
 2. Use of heat transfer data hand book is permitted.*

**Module-1**

- 1 a. Explain the following:
  - i) Open system
  - ii) Closed system
  - iii) Intensive property
  - iv) Extensive property
  - v) Thermodynamic state point
  - vi) Thermodynamic process. (12 Marks)
- b. State the Zeroth law of thermodynamics. Explain thermodynamic equilibrium. (08 Marks)

**OR**

- 2 a. Derive an expression for displacement work of polytropic process with P-V diagram. (10 Marks)
- b. Explain the following types of work transfer :
  - i) Electrical work
  - ii) Shaft work
  - iii) Flow work. (10 Marks)

**Module-2**

- 3 a. Apply steady flow energy equation to each of the following, using schematic diagram:
  - i) Turbine
  - ii) Heat exchanger. (10 Marks)
- b. With P-V diagram, explain the first law of thermodynamics under cyclic process. (10 Marks)

**OR**

- 4 a. State Kelvin Planck's and Classius statement and explain the equivalence of two statement. (10 Marks)
- b. Define heat engine and heat pump. And also derive an expression for COP of refrigerator and heat pump. (10 Marks)

**Module-3**

- 5 a. Derive an expression for thermal efficiency of Otto cycle. (10 Marks)
- b. Compare Otto, Diesel and dual cycles based on:
  - i) Same compression and same max temperature
  - ii) Same heat rejection. (10 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Explain the modes of heat transfer with governing laws and equations. (10 Marks)  
 b. Explain the overall heat transfer coefficient and thermal contact resistance. (04 Marks)  
 c. Explain the three kinds of boundary condition. (06 Marks)

**Module-4**

- 7 a. Derive the 3D heat conduction equation in Cartesian coordinates and reduce the equation to Fourier and Laplace equation. (10 Marks)  
 b. Derive the one dimensional heat conduction equation for plane wall, with necessary assumptions. (10 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Using Buckingham's – II theorem for free convection heat transfer, show that  $N_u = C R_a^m$  with usual notations. (10 Marks)  
 b. Define the following:  
 i) Natural convection  
 ii) Grashoff number  
 iii) Drag force  
 iv) Drag coefficient  
 v) Prandtl's number. (10 Marks)

**Module-5**

- 9 a. Using Buckingham's – II theorem for forced convection heat transfer show that  $N_u = C(R_e^m P_r^n)$  with usual notations. (10 Marks)  
 b. Describe the physical significance of following:  
 i) Reynolds number  
 ii) Nusselt number  
 iii) Stanton number. (06 Marks)  
 c. Distinguish between forced and free convection heat transfer. (04 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Illustrate the following:  
 i) Stefan Boltzman law  
 ii) Kirchoff's law  
 iii) Planck's law  
 iv) Wein's displacement law  
 v) Radiation shield. (10 Marks)  
 b. Two large parallel plates having emissivities of 0.3 and 0.5 are maintained at temperature of 800°C and 300°C respectively. A radiation shield having an emissivity of 0.05 on both sides is placed between the two plates. Calculate:  
 i) Heat transfer per unit area without shield.  
 ii) Find the temperature of the shield and heat transfer per unit area with shield. (10 Marks)

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